

SUMMARY

*Dzulkarnain Alghafuru Syahputra, Hukum Administrasi Negara, Fakultas Hukum Universitas Brawijaya, Februari 2018, **Perlindungan Hukum Terhadap Hak Untuk Memperoleh Tunjangan Profesi Dosen Dalam Perspektif Pasal 52 Ayat (1) (2) (3) Undang Undang Nomor 14 Tahun 2005 Tentang Guru Dan Dosen (Studi Di Yayasan Pendidikan Sunan Giri Kota Malang)** Lutfi Effendi, SH., M.Hum. dan Arief Zainudin, SH., M.Hum.*

The authors, in this research, took a problem about legal protection for lecturers who have fulfilled their obligations but do not get their rights. The choice of the title is based on the actions of the government's role that has controlled the bureaucracy but less than the maximum, in universities that have been held by the public there is always a problem, where the foundation is due to problematic negative effects in the higher education. Only internal problems on a college campus have resulted in the government's role being hampered as well.

Based on the above matters, the authors raised the formulation of the problem. How is the legal protection of Article 52 Paragraph (1), (2), (3) UUGD Year 2005 against the lecturer of the Sunan Giri education foundation whose certification allowance has not been paid yet? And What are the obstacles to completing the payment of professional allowance of lecturers who have had a certificate of educator at Sunan Giri education foundation according to UUGD Year 2005? Research conducted by this author is a juridical empirical research. In this research, sociological juridical approach method. Where the legal issues contained in this research then conducted in the community with the intent and purpose to find the facts, then continued with problems, problem identification and the last is the problem solving.

The existing problem is the Legal Protection of Lecturer of Civil Servant with Private Lecturer treated equally no difference for legal protection is the liquid functional allowance of the lecturer concerned Then in this case, it is necessary to have legal protection for lecturer who has carried out its obligation has been arranged in Article 52 paragraph (1) (2) (3) of Law Number 14 Year 2005 regarding Teachers and Lecturers stating that a lecturer of civil servants and private lecturers are treated the same thing is not differentiated according to Article 52 paragraphs (2) and (3)) and the parties of Koopertis VII to immediately carry out their obligations to disburse professional allowances