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APPROVAL SHEET THESIS

IMPLEMENTATION OF E-PROCUREMENT IN KUDUS LOCAL GOVERNMENT

by MOCH NOOR FALIKH SN: 126030112111012

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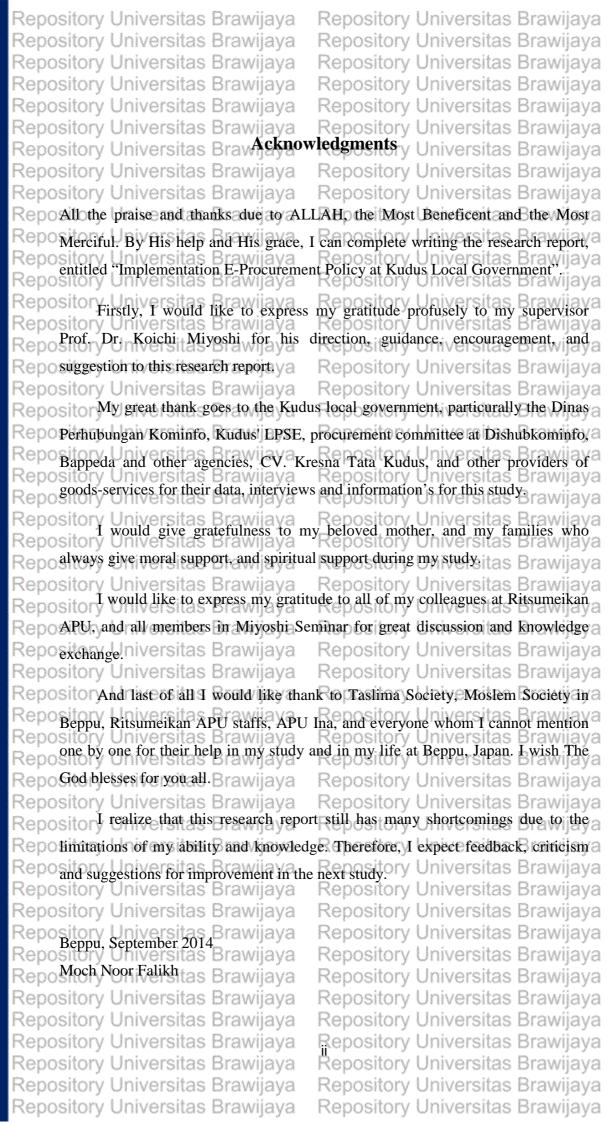
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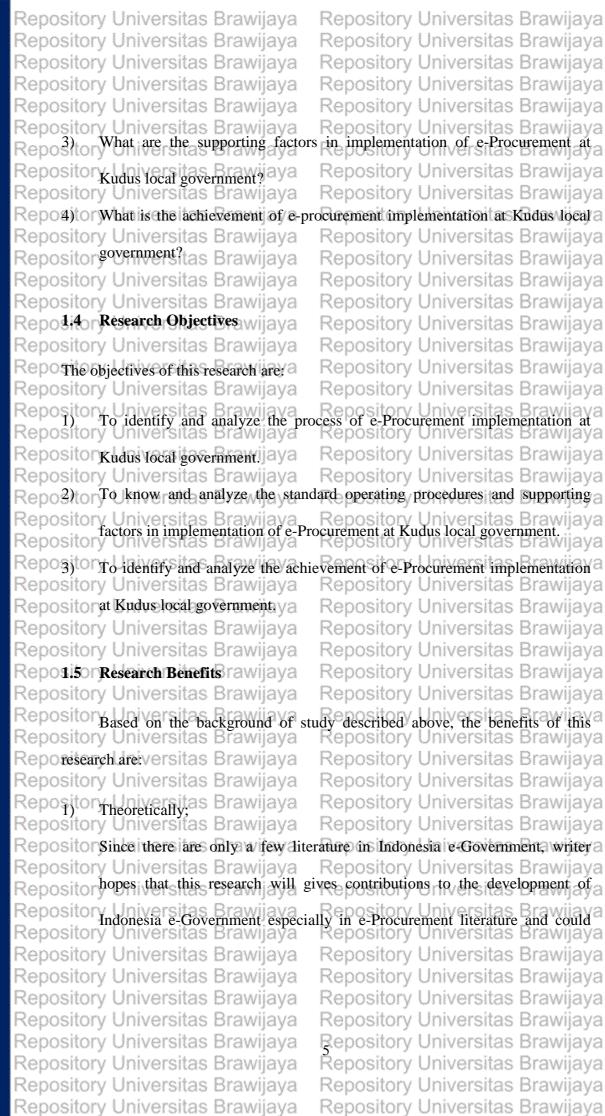
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Research Background Vijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya "Good governance" has become a frequent discussion and study in developing countries. Various breakthroughs have been under consideration to improve the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportransparency of Indonesian government. Central government and some provincial Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya governments have issued regulations that promote local governments to establish nstitutions to improve transparency. It is expected that will facilitate community Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoinvolvement and supervision in the public policy process. niversitias Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Utilization the information and communication technology in government is one way to achieve good governance. According to Kumar and Best (2006, p.36), Repository Universitas Brawijaya kepository Universitas Brawijaya Repoe-Government can be defined as the use of information and communication Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya technology to improve operations and service delivery in the public sector. E-Government covers a wide range of activities and actors, there are three main different sectors can be identified. This includes government-to-community Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya (G2C), government-to-government (G2G), and government-to-business (G2B). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya has tried to utilizing information and repository utilizing information and analysis of the state of t computer technology (ICT) for the successful development of e-Government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposince 2003. The government of Indonesia issued The Presidential Instruction No. Repository Universitas Brawijava 3 Year 2003 (Instruksi Presiden No.3 Tahun 2003) entitled "Policy and National Strategy for e-Government Development" as a guideline and roadmap for central Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and local governments in Indonesia to establish and implementing the e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor One example the practice of e-Government is e-Procurement program. E-a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement is a procedure and process for the procurement of goods and services were conducted openly and can be followed by all providers / suppliers of goods Repository Universitas Brawijaya and services listed in the electronic procurement system by submitting a one-time Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya bid within the allotted time (LKPP, 2009). Indonesian minister of public works, Djoko Kirmanto, initiated the solutions confront challenge in e-Procurement Reposystem for auction of goods and services to combat corruption and collusion. His Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportation ministry has been preparing related e-procurement program particularly in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya regulations, human resources and infrastructur. He said that ministry of public works has been establishing system of "semi e-procurement" in procurement of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repogoods and services since 2006 to avert corruption and collusion. Previously, the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya implementation of procurement faced with several challenges; rsitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositora) UnLack of goods and prices information tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor b) Access to market is limited Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor_c) Un Market-insulated bulkhead Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositord)UnUnhealthy business competition pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositore Un Bad Governance Wijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository University HR procurement is limited Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorg) UnThe large amount of budget spent for procurement is it as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorh) Persistently high levels of leakage in the implementation of the budget Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

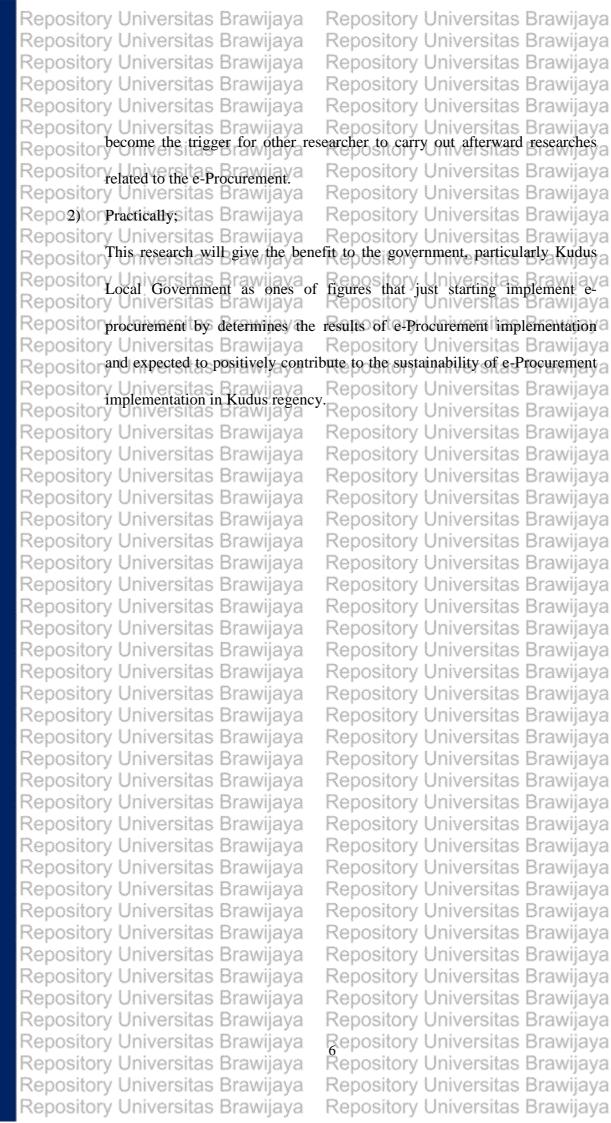
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava There are two issues of concern in the procurement of goods and services, namely Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repocorruption and transparency. Approximately 80% cases of corruption that a Repository Universitas Brawijaya kpk-terkait-dengan-pengadaan-barangjasa/> [accessed on 20 June 2013]. Funds Repository Universitas Brawijaya for the procurement of goods services in Indonesia reached around Rp 250-370 Repository Universitas Brawijaya trillion annually. This number derived Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo and expenditure (APBN). The use of state funds for procurement of construction Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprojects valued at Rp 243 trillion in 2011, increased became Rp 273 trillion in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Indonesia Procurement Watch reveals, cases of corruption that occurred in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Indonesia is 70% comes from the procurement of goods and services both at the Repository Universitas Brawijaya central and regional levels 70-persen-korupsi-dari-barang-dan-jasa> [accessed on 20 June 2013]. Mr. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Soegiharto, former Minister of SOEs, ever predict if 80% of corruption and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya services sector. Hardjowiyono (2006) as quoted in Teguh Kurniawan (2009, Repop.116) suggests that, "When we look at a number of corruption cases in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Indonesia, the corruption cases handled by the Corruption Eradication Repoprocurement of goods and services". Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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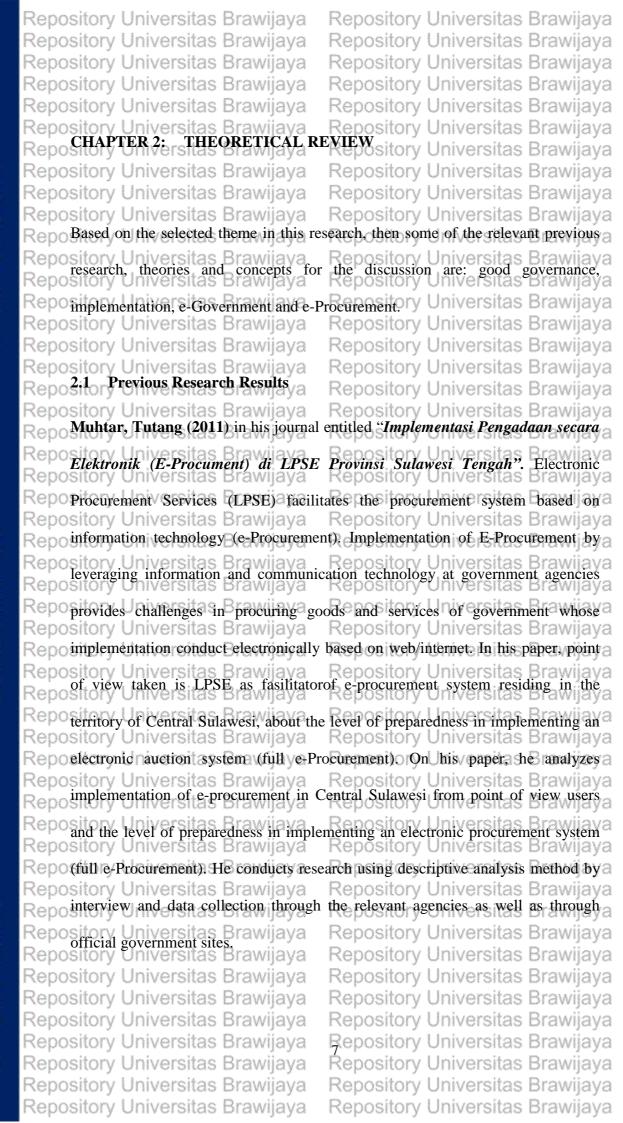
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Facing the problem above, the government wants to implement good governance in procurement system by use e-Government. The government wants Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporto make procurement system that transparent. Transparency process and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement of goods and services are now able to conduct through a process called e-Procurement and e-Announcement. E-Procurement is the procurement of Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Universitas Brawijaya goods and services process via online utilizing internet network. The process of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement are start from the announcement, registration, bidding process, aanwijzing, and the evaluation results bidding that conducted by utilizing Repoinformation technology tools. While e-Announcement is the initial stage of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement process that announce the procurement of goods and services by Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya electronic (internet) through website. By implementing the e-Procurement and e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Announcement, expected transparency in the procurement of goods and services Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repowill be achieved so that the opportunities for corruption, collusion and nepotism Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposan be minimized. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repol.3 Research Questions Wilaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In order to be focus in this research, the main question is "How does the Repositor Universitas Brawijaya implementation of e-procurement policy at Kudus local government?" Brawijaya Repo Four following sub questions will be raised in this research as follows: Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo1) How does the process of e-procurement implementation at Kudus local Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor government? Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2) Is the e-procurement implementation in Kudus regency in accordance with Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor the standard operating procedures? Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



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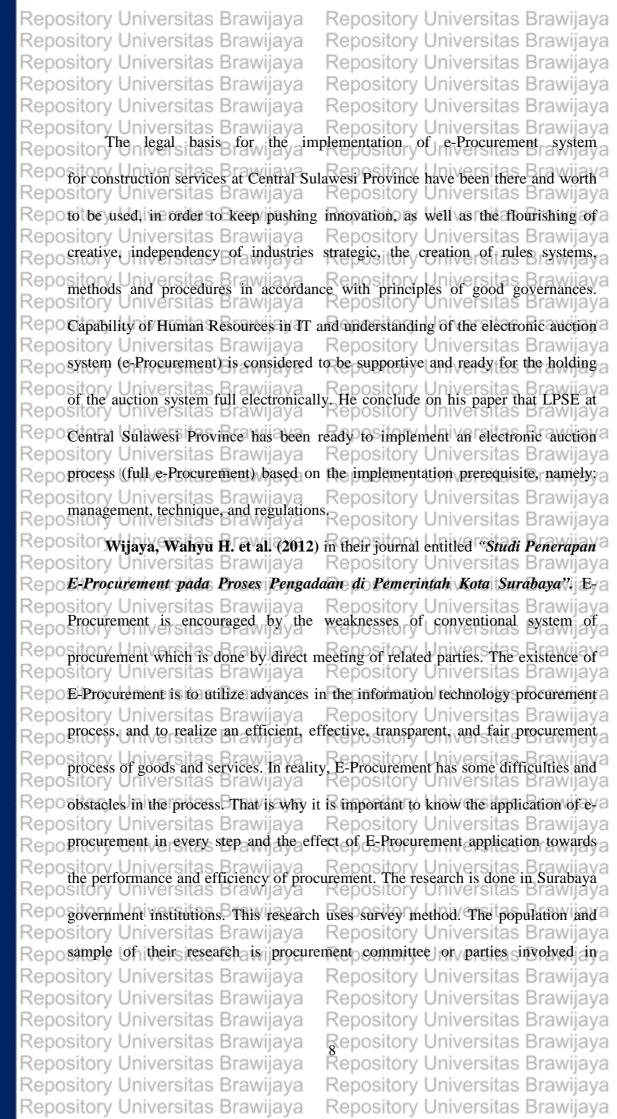


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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement process, especially E-procurement. Later, data is analyzed with Double Linier Regression Analysis for simultaneous and partial judgment as well Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo as descriptive explanation. The result of their research is the application of e-a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement in procurement process at Surabaya government can be categorized as full e-Procurement. Influential variables towards procurement performance Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya epository include better centralized management, creation of clean, transparent, and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya acceptable procurement, and the improvement of customer satisfaction. Additionally, influential variables towards procurement efficiency are reduced Repocost per tender and reduced time of procurement process. NIVERSITAS Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Udoyono, Kodar (2012) in his journal entitled "E-Procurement dalam Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Pengadaan Barang dan Jasa Untuk Mewujudkan Akuntabilitas di Kota Repository Yogyakarta". His research studied on implementation of stocking goods and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposervices electricly. E-Procurement is a breaktrough in public services to create Repository Universitas Brawijaya accountability on stocking of goods and services. The object of which observed are stocking goods and services electricly at Yogykarta municipality 2009. This Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reports research uses a case study method. The data obtained pass trough depth interview Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and document observation. The result of this research i.e firstly, dimension fo ficibility in stocking of goods and services electricly at Yogyakarta municipality Universitas Brawijaya Universitas Brawijaya Rep 2009 pass trough regulative, administrative and techocratic, political, and needs Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya society. Secondly, dimension of accountability on stocking of goods and services Repositoricly at Yogyakarta municipality 2009 pass trough regulative, political, and Repository Universitas Brawijaya RepofilanciaUniversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Re	oosit	H. et al. (2012)	Procurement has	research is the versitas	explains the
Re	posit	Studi Penerapan	some difficulties	capplication of e-ersitas	influential
Re	posit	E-Procurement	and obstacles in	Procurement process at	variables
Rep	posit	pada Proses	the process. That is why it is	procurement process at Surabaya government	towards procurement
	posit		important to Re	can be categorized as	performance
	_	Pemerintah Kota	know they a Re	full e-Procurement.	include better
	posit	Surabaya ersitas		Influential variables (as	centralized
Re	oosit	Location ersitas	procurement in	towards procurement	management,
,		CSurabaya, ersitas	every step and the effect of E-	performance include better centralized	creation of clean,
		Indonesiaersitas	procurement	management, creation	transparent,
,		ory Universitas	application Re	of clean, transparent, [35]	Brawijaya
		ory Universitas	towards the Re	candiacceptableversitas	acceptable a
		ory Universitas	cc: · · · · · ·	procurement, and the	procurement.
	posit		efficiency of procurement	improvement of customer satisfaction.	Brawijaya
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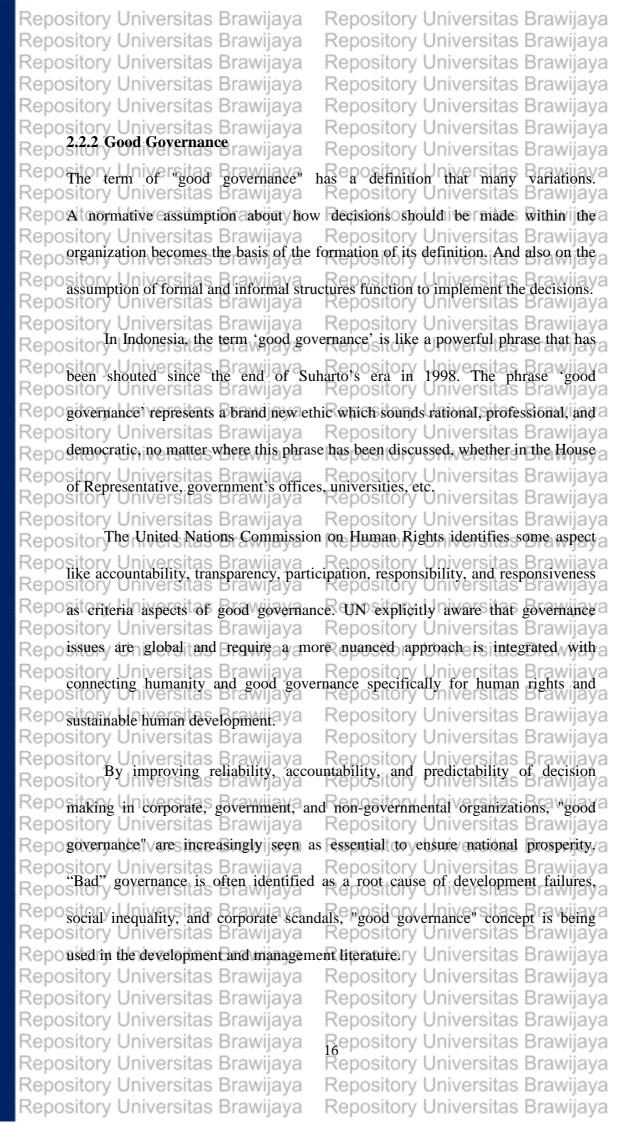
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya public services from hierarchical bureaucracy are typical of this reform. Public administration's scholar, in 1980s facing new challenges, is being forced to sitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repodefining and repositioning itself both in applied practice and as a field of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya knowledge in public reform (Frederickson et al., 2003, p.208). The improving interest in the term of governance, both as an idea and as a general description of Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya what public administration scholars study is reflection of public administration's Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposcholarly arena expansion. awijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The effects of reforms were intensified by global changes, including an a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya ncrease of transnational economic activity and the rise of regional institutions. So understandable, governance expresses a widespread belief that the state increasingly depends on other organizations to secure its intentions, deliver its Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repopolicies, and establishes a pattern of rule (Bevir, 2006, p.364). Governance is the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoincluding organize and analyze actors consisting of formal and informal actors. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The process of decision-making and implementing decisions made and designed Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya for the formal and informal sectors. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Nowadays, the term of good governance becomes popular in public Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava administration domain. Most of scholars agree that by using this paradigm, the quality of public service will increase significantly. According to the paradigm, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthree actors in governance (state-market-civil society) have to complement each to a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya another. The complementing or partnership among them can be seen in the argument of Peters & Pierre (1998) as quoted in Frederickson et al. (2003, p.217). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporting wrote the four basic elements of governance ory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito 1) The dominance of networks. Instead of formal policy making institutions, governance is dominated by an amorphous collection of actors having influence over what and how public goods and services Repository are to be produced. Repository The state's declining capacity for direct control. Although governments Repository no longer exercise centralized control over public policy, they still have Repository L the power to influence it. The power of the state is now tied to its ability Repository to negotiate and bargain with actors in policy networks. The members of these are increasingly accepted as equal partners in the policy process. Repository, L The blending of the public and private resources. Public and private Repository actors use each other to obtain resources they cannot access Repository u Repository Universitas Brawijaya independently. Repositor 4) Use multiple instruments. It means an increasing willingness to develop Repository Uand employ non-traditional methods of making in implementing of Repository Uping States Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository University Brawijava Lynn et al. (2000, p.3) as quoted in Frederickson et al. (2003, p.210) gives a definition about governance. He stated that governance is the regime of laws, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoadministrative rules, judicial rulings, and practices that constrain, prescribe, and enable government activity, where such activity broadly defined as the production Repository Universitas Brawijaya goods and services. Besides quoted the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo definition from Lynn et al., Frederickson and Smith also give a definition of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya governance. According to them (2003, p.222) governance refers to the lateral and inter-institutional relations in administration in the context of the decline of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposovereignty, the decreasing importance of jurisdictional borders and a general Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoinstitutional fragmentation awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Other definitions of governance come from the international institution, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya namely The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and World Bank. World Bank defined governance as the method through which power is exercised Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

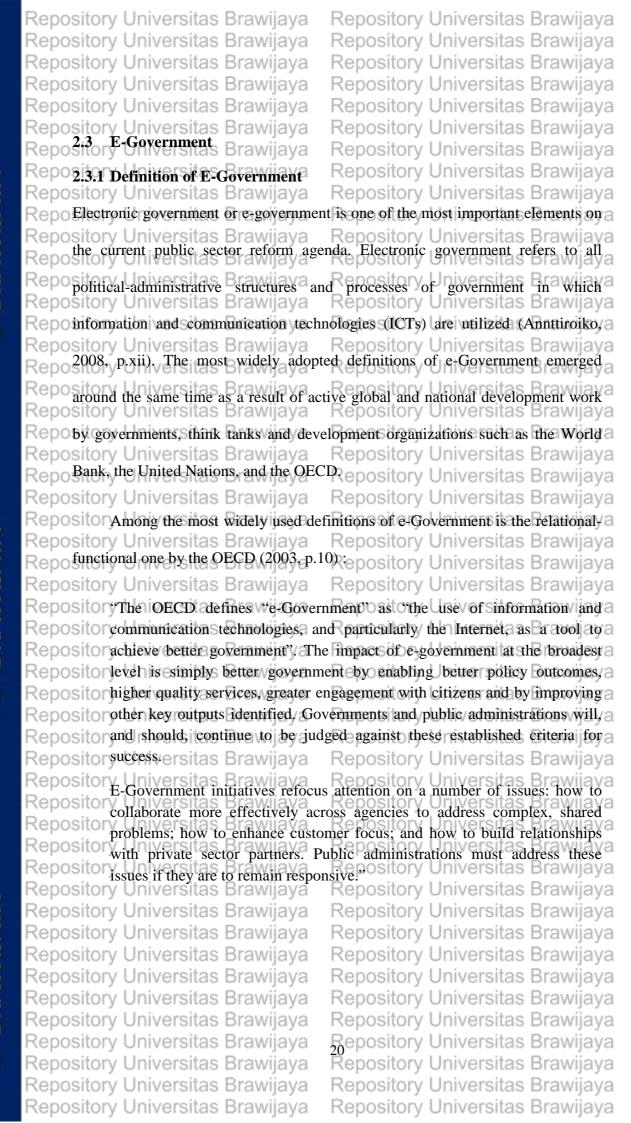
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya in the management of a country's political, economic and social resources for Repodevelopment (2006, p.3). Meanwhile, Repository Universitas Brawijaya UNDP (2006, p.3) defined governance as; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo"the exercise of economic, political and administrative authority to manage a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya country's affairs at all levels. It comprises the mechanisms, processes and institutions, through which citizens and groups articulate their interests, exercise Repository Universitas Brawijaya epository Universitas Brawijaya Reportheir legal rights, meet their obligations and mediate their differences". Brawnaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Winch (2001) as quoted by Herbert Robinson defined governance as a term Repository Universitas Brawijaya epository Universitas Brawijaya Reported of the processes and systems by which an organization or a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya society operates. Frequently, a government or organizational body of people is established to administer these processes and systems to ensure project outcomes are not hindered or compromised. The word 'governance' derives from Latin Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo origins that suggest the notion of 'steering', and hence, many organizations have Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawiiaya governing, the organization's business Brawiiaya Repodevelopments or projects (Civil Service Governance, 2008). The term Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 'governance' is also applied generally in industry (particularly in the information Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya technology sector) to describe the processes that need to be in place for a Reposuccessful project outcome (Robinson, 2010, p.73) ory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava Repositor In the end, Paul Hirst offers a more general definition of the term. He asserts that "governance can be generally defined as the means by which an activity or Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportable of activities is controlled or directed, such that it delivers an acceptable Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportange of outcomes according to some established standard" (UN, 2006, p.4). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya In order to give guidance in the implementing of good governance, UNDP Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Development e Program (UNDP) "Governance | and | Sustainable | Human | Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Development," (1997), good governance has eight principles. The table 2.2 shows the eight principles of good governance by UNDP: Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Table 2.2 Eight Principles of Good Governance tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository **kemark**sitas Brawijaya Repo**n**ory Unive**rincipie**rawijaya Rep 7 All people, regardless of sex, class, or race Equality of participation in Repositi decision making should be heard and allowed to participate in Reposito deliberations that affect them directly or ry Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijay indirectly. Unconstrained participation is a Repository Universitas Brawijaya key to good governance Repository Universitas Brawijay counterbalances dominant actors in society Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya with checks and balances that expand the Repository Universitas Brawijaya discursive space in which societal debates Repository Universitas Brawijaya can unfold Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Responsive to the needs of Good governance is about building trust and Repositorall Unstakeholders rainilaa ensuring that all stakeholders are treated reasonable timeframe WIBV fairly. To achieve these goals, organizations Repository Universitas Brawijaya must have the technical and managerial Repository Universitas Brawijaya competence to respond in a timely manner. Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya This means that organizations must recruit, Repository Universitas Brawijaya train, and maintain employees to give satisfied and efficient responses. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito ry Unive**Principl**Brawijaya Repository Remarksitas Brawijaya Rep 3, Mediate differences between This means that organizations, especially Reposit stakeholders to reach a broad governments, must work to achieve Reposito sustainable human development and Repositorconsensus rsitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya objective outcome. To achieve this target, organizations must treat all stakeholders Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijay fairly and consistently versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Accountable Decision-makers in government, the private Repositor stakeholders they serve vijav sector and civil society organizations must be Repository Universitas Brawijay accountable to the public, as well as to Repository Universitas Brawijay institutional stakeholders. This accountability Repository Universitas Brawijay differs depending on the organizations and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijay whether the decision is internal or external. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijay Strive for transparency in Transparency is built on the free flow of Repositortheirnivers decision-making information. Processes, institutions and Repositor processes rsitas Brawijay information are directly accessible to those Repository Universitas Brawijay with enough concerned them, and Repository Universitas Brawijay information is provided to understand and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya monitor them. Consistency and fairness in Repository Universitas Brawijaya the application of rules and regulations are Repository Universitas Brawijay needed to ensure that stakeholders Repository Universitas Brawijay appreciate that due diligence and the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya principle of equality were followed. Tawilaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya rv Unive**Principle**rawijaya Repository **Remark** sitas Brawijaya Reposito Rep 6. Work legal Good governance means that a country's within Reposit frameworks that are crafted legal environment should be conducive to Reposito Repositor in Unifairways, S Benforced development. Organizational leadership in a Reposito impartially, and attuned to field, policy realm, or industrial sector that human rights issues Reposito goes beyond minimum criteria as specified Reposito by law is an indicator of an organization's Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijay willingness to adopt and expand on good governance practices. Iniversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Have a broad and long-term Leaders and decision makers should have a Reposito vision on how to better the broad and long-term perspective on good processes of governance governance and human development, along Repository Universitas Brawijaya with a sense of what is needed for such Repository Universitas Brawijay development. There is also an understanding Repository Universitas Brawijaya historical, cultural and social Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya complexities in which that perspective is Repository Universitas Brawijay grounded. Processes must be in place to Repository Universitas Brawijaya ensure the most productive use of resources. Repository Universitas Brawijay Ideally, such decisions should be made Repository Universitas Brawijay Repository Universitas Brawijaya within the context of senvironmentally Repository Universitas Brawijay responsible stewardship and be cognizant of Repository Universitas Brawijaya criteria for sustainability Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Guarantee the rights of all This last principle is may be the most Repo important point in UN approach to good individuals to conserve and Reposito governance because all men and women Reposito improve their well-being in Reposito an ^Uequitable and Binclusive y Universitas Brawijay have opportunities to improve or maintain Reposito their welfare. Repo (Source: United Nations Development Program, 1997) Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Annttiroiko, itain Bhis book 'Electronic Government -Concepts, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporte-Government in his book:///aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor E-Government is government's use of information and communication Repositor technologies, particularly Web-based applications, to support responsive Repositor and cost-effective government by facilitating administrative and managerial Repositor functions, providing citizens and stakeholders with convenient access to Repositor government it information and services, facilitating interaction and Repositor transactions with stakeholders, and providing better opportunities to Repositor participate in democratic institutions and processes." ilversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Heeks (2005, p.4) defined e-Government as the use of IT by public sector Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reprogramizations. E-Government means not only about internet, but also office mechanism, information systems, internal management, and expert systems, Repository Universitas Brawijaya ncluding client-facing websites. To better understand e-government, we have to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoknow about IT (Information Technology). The core of IT is manipulating data to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya produce information, storing data and make it useful for users. Latter, as this Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repocalled management information systems. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor We should add in some notion of activity and purpose to understand e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Government as an information system and we also bring people into the equation. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya E-Government must be regarded to consist of technology with people who involve in the system, give purpose and meaning of work process to public. Heeks Repo (2005, p.5) defined E-Government system by illustrating it in figure 2.15 (awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Environment Organization Lead Public Agency Management processes Information system Technology Hardwar Information Knowledge Structure People time money/etc. Other stakeholder

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3rawijaya Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Univ Figure 2.1 A Full Model of E-Government Systems Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya (source: Heeks, Implementing And Managing E-Government, 2005, p.5) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito From the onion model as described in figure 2.1., Heeks proposed the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya checklist of key items for fully describing and better understanding e-Government Reposition (abbreviated as PTPOSMO) as follows: sitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository University Brawijava Repository University Brawijava 1) Information: The formal information held by the digital system and the Repositor informal information used by the people involved with the system. rawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya on digital IT but can also cover other Report 2) Technology: Mainly focuses Repository Universitas Brawijaya information-handling technologies such as paper or analogue telephones. Processes: The activities undertaken by the relevant stakeholders for whom

Repositor the e-Government system operates both information-related processes and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor broader business processes. Repository Universitas Brawijaya
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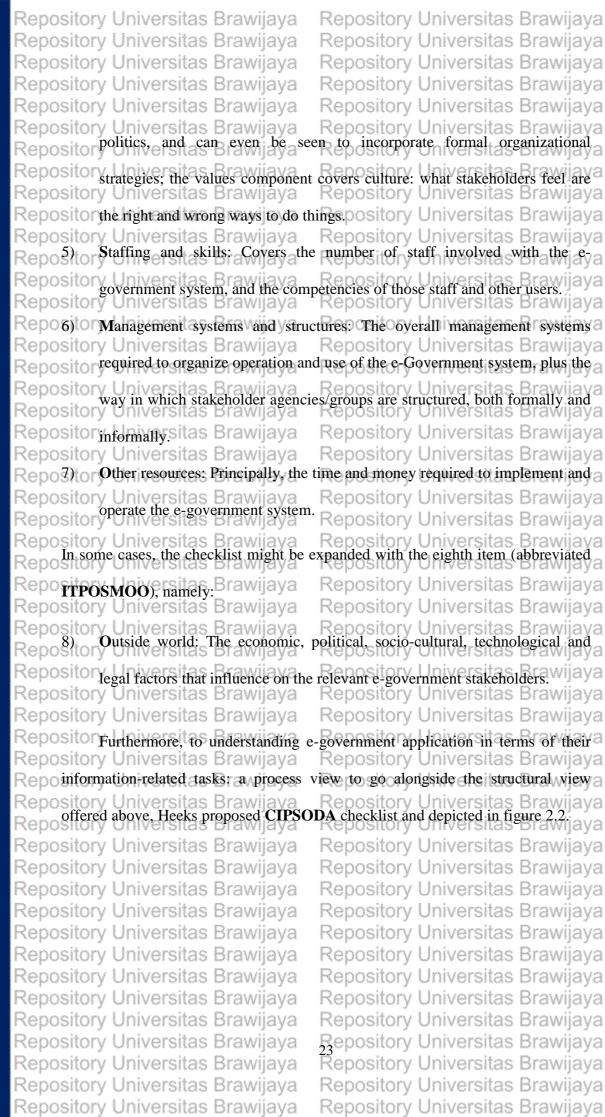
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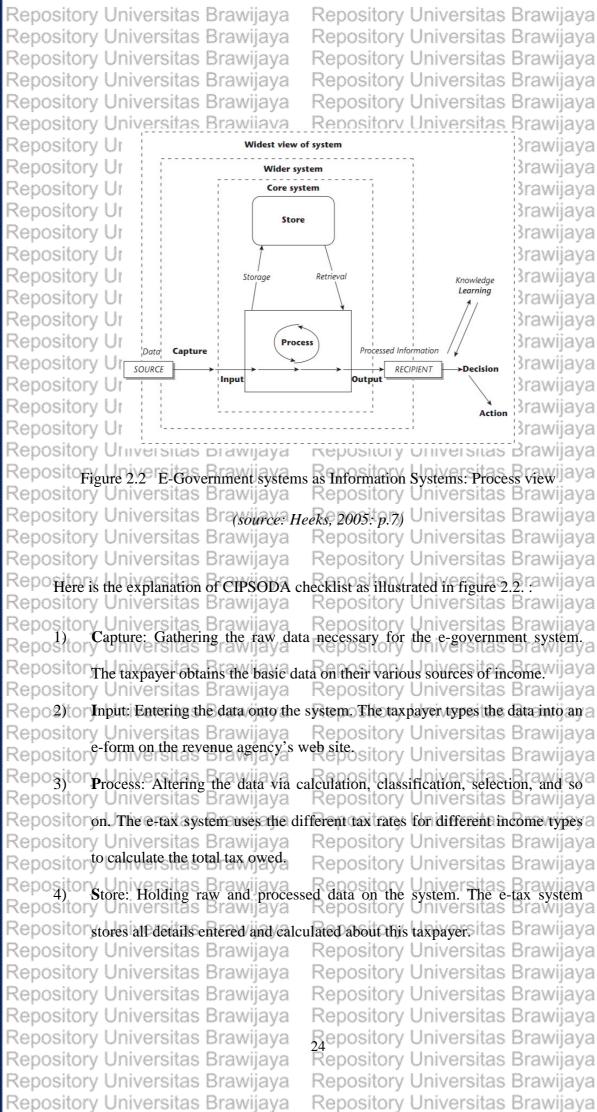
Repository Universitas Brawijaya political, socio-cultural, technological and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya view to go alongside the structural view Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya





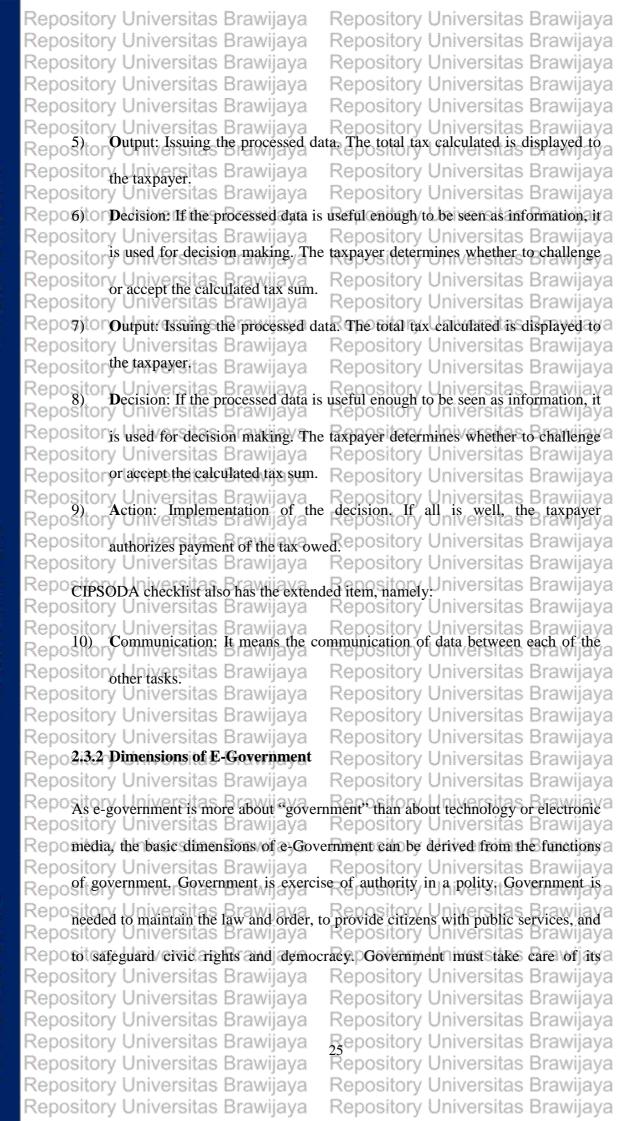


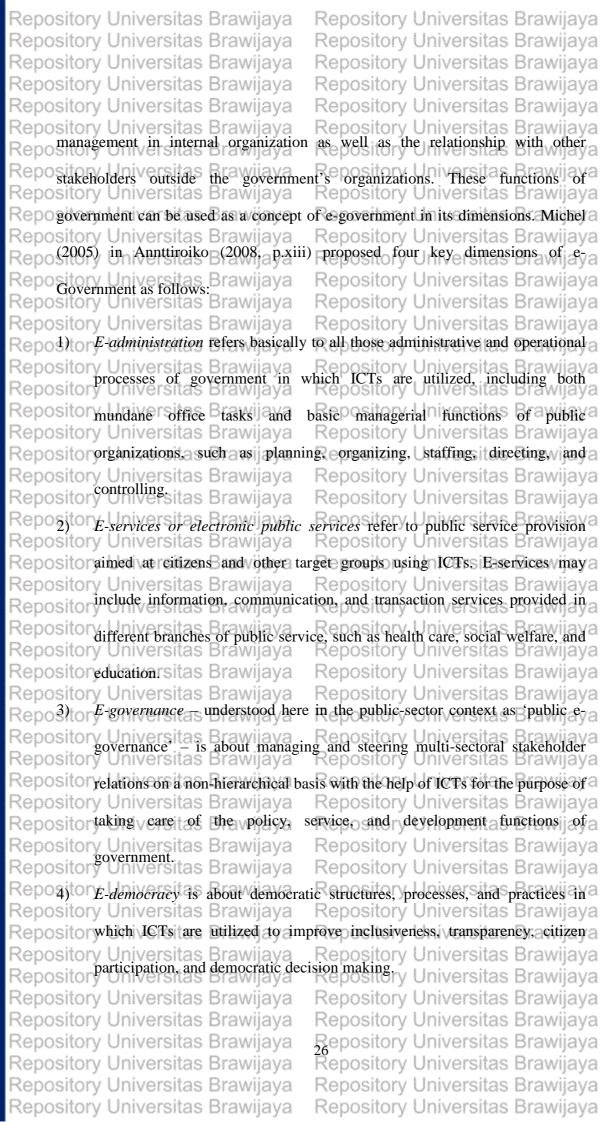




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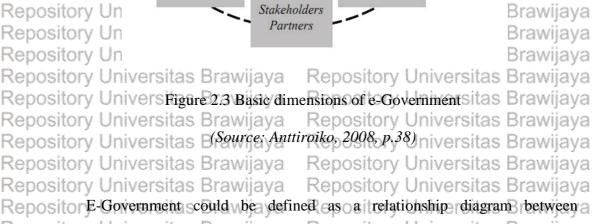
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya These key dimensions of e-Government are illustrated in figure 2.3. Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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E-services

Users

Consumers

Repository Universitas Brawijaya stakeholders. This diagram has five basic concepts, as illustrated in figure 2.4, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repo a) Government-to-Citizens (G2C) Repob) Citizens-to-Government (C2G) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoc) to Government-to-Government (G2G) Repository Universitas Brawijava

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repod) Government-to-Business (G2B) e) Business-to-Government (B2G) Repository Universitas Brawijayá Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Employees

E-democracy"

Citizens Electorate

E-administration '

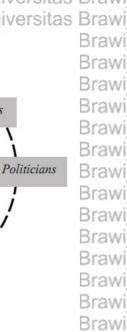
E-governance

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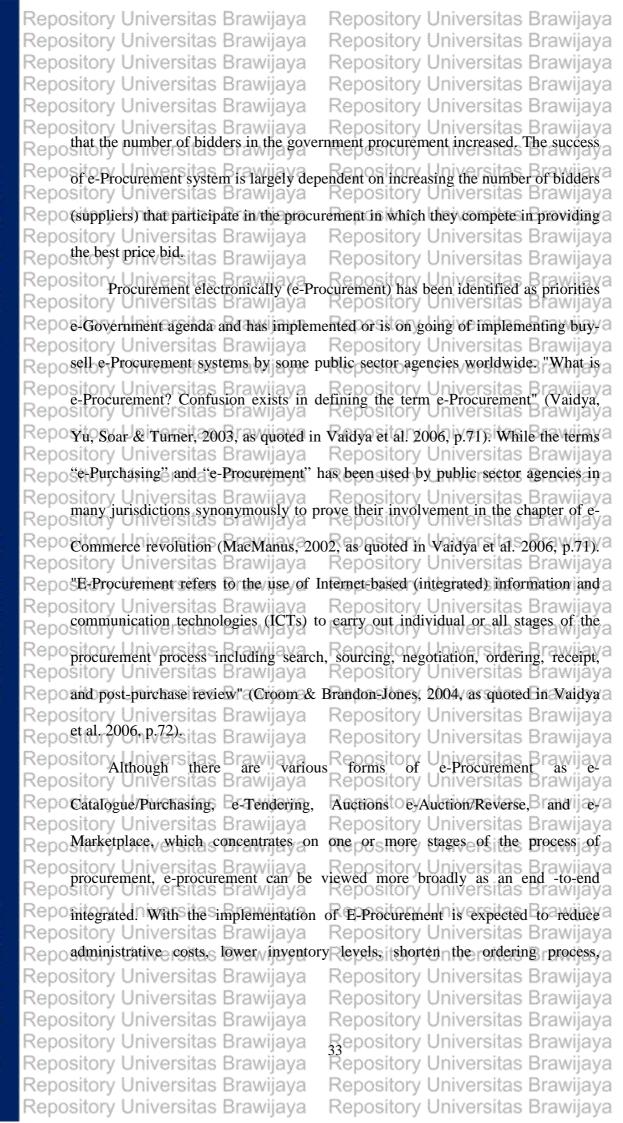
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Covernment-to-Business (G2B) interactions typically involve the use of Repositor the Internet to reduce the costs to government of buying and selling goods Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor and services from firms (Beyir, 2006; p. 61) tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas E epository Universitas Brawijava 3) Government-to-Citizen (G2C), as Bevir stated, is the interactions involve Repositor using the Internet to provide public services and transactions online, and to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorimprove the design and delivery of services by incorporating rapid Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository electronic feedback mechanisms, such as instant polls, Web surveys, and e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Besides relations above, it is important for government get feedback relations only Government-to-Business (G2B) and Repository Universitas Brawijaya from business and citizens. Not Repository Universitas Brawijaya Government-to-Citizen (G2C) but also Business-to-Government (B2G) and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Citizen-to-Government relations are important for e-Government in accordance Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repowith good governance. Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo4) to Business-to-Government (B2G) is a business model that refers to a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor businesses selling products, services or information to governments or a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor website to conduct business and exchange information with each other. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep 5) Citizen-to-Government (C2G) Risp relation between citizens with a Repository Universitas Brawijaya
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor citizen can give suggestion and monitor the government. The open data Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor portal v shoulds be a vamong Government's planned anti-corruption Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

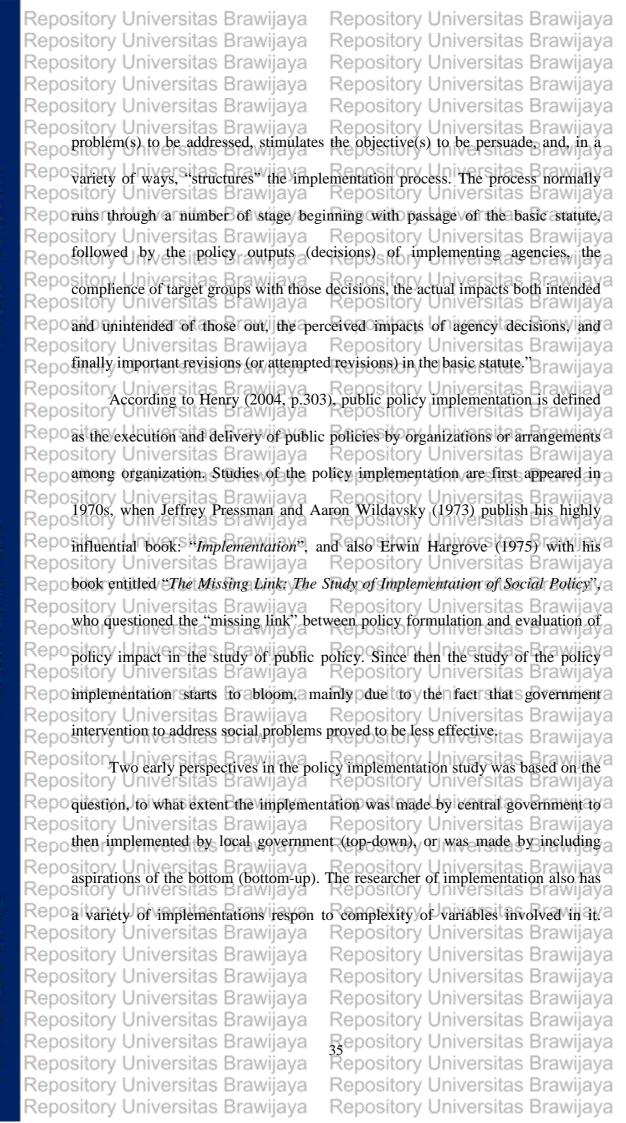
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito interventions. This will enhance the effectiveness of all the policies, Repositor legislation and institutions so far established. Open data initiatives have the kepository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor potential to inurture a culture of transparency and openness of publica Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya repositor institutions and its officials. With such platforms, all information (including amounts, purpose, implementation sites, expected results and so on) relating Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor to government and donor-funded programmes becomes public. S Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo2i33 The Importance of E-Government epository Universitas Brawijaya OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development) Forum stated Reporte importance of e-government as follows (OECD, 2005, p.15): Sitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor ICT helps improve operating efficiency in public administration and mass Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya processing. ICT can generate savings on data collection and transmission, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repozitor E-Government improves services. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Understanding of user needs to build successful services (online and off-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya to understand the complex governance Repository Oniversitas do not need Repositor structures and relationships to interact with the government. Itas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo3) © E-Government helps achieve specific policy outcomes and can contribute to a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor economic policy objectives. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawnaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya to share information and contribute to a Repositor particular policy outcome. For example, online information can improve the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya educational or training programs, sharing in the health sector and the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

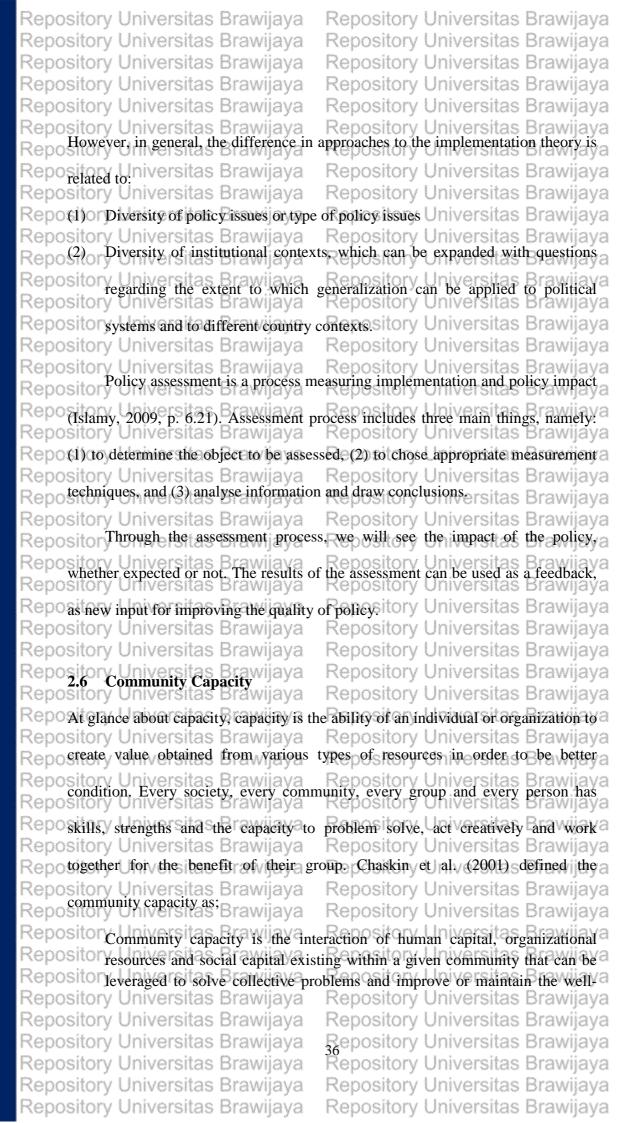
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava sharing of information between central and local government information Repositor that can facilitate environmental policy. E-Government helps increases Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor openness, trust in government and reduce corruption, thus contributes to a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya economic policy objectives. E-government can reduce government spending Repositor programs through more effective and efficient. ICT-enabled can make Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor simple administration and enhanced government vinformation thereby Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor increasing business productivity. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The reform process must be continuous because the stages are current Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor developments - globalization, new fiscal demands, changing societies and Repository Universitas Brawijava Repositor information-sharing and highlighting internal inconsistencies are the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor supporting aspect for e-government epository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya E-Government can help build trust between governments and citizens. Repositor Good government is government that can build trust between government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor and citizens. With the use of ICT can help build trust by enabling a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya community involvement in the policy process, promoting open government Repository Iniversity as a responsible helps to prevent Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Bra Repositor In addition, e-government can help the individual voices to be heard widely. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The government encouraged people to think constructively about public issues and assess the impact of the application of technology to open up the Repositor policy process by utilizing ICT Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2.4 E-Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya E-procurement is defined as the use of Internet-based information technology to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportation facilitate the purchase of goods and services. E-procurement is the purchase of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya products and services using electronic means (internet, web, e-mail). Eprocurement is believed to save cost, save documents, improve data accuracy, Collaboration, and transparency of all procurement processes are carried out. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In another sense, electronic procurement is defined as the procurement process is managed using a web-based application. E-Procurement provides the Reproportunity for widespread buyers and providers of goods-services to come Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repotogether, get information, interact, and conduct purchasing transactions directly Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository the internet. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In the e-Procurement system is fully implemented in a web-enabled, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reported at each step in the process of electronic procurement. So the e-a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement applications provide transparency to all users of the process start to finish. E-Procurement application applied in business processes and IT systems to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Peroper provide buyers and suppliers of cheaper processes and save costs of inventory, as a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya well as expand the range of access to suppliers. E-Procurement application replaces the catalogs based on paper of multiple providers by product catalogs Repodigital, one-stop source of purchace for goods and services. Versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya In current modern era, the use of e-Procurement system by governments and companies that performed significantly also leads to significant savings in the cost Report of government procurement. It has been proven theoretically and empirically that Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthe savings cost obtained largely due to increased competitive environment, so Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya preparing the organization to improve collaboration technology and lower the price of the product (Croom, 2000; Roche, 2001, Gunasekaran et al, 2008). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Robinson et al. (2005) stated that e-Procurement helps the government to save a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya budget and provide a more accountable process, more effective and faster to manage procurement. Benefits of e-Procurement system process success are: epository lower transaction costs, a widely set of providers, fast ordering process, standards Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and process more efficient and control / supervision of procurement from community, paper less, more potential buyers through the internet and work Reporeengineered supply current (Gunasekaran et al., 2008). Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repozisor The Implementation of Public Policy Ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya How good a policy, in the end that will be assessed is whether the policy can be implemented easily and smoothly, or vice versa (Islamy, 2009, p. 6.1). He further said that public policy implementation process can start as soon as it gets approval Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Feno from the competent institution. Repository Universitas Brawijaya ", and thus has to be implemented, is the What can be called "public policy" Peroproduct of what has happened in the earlier stages of the policy process (Hill and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Hupe, 2010, p. 6). However, the contents of the policy, and the impact of the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava implementation of policies to those affected, may be substantially modified, Reportation phase. rawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Implementations process is explained more detail by Masmanian and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Sabatier (1981, p.4) as follow: "implementation is carrying out of basic policy decision, usually incorporated in a statute but which can also take the form of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoimportant executive orders of court decisions. Ideally, that decision identifies the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya





Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya being of that community. It may operate through informal social processes and/or organized efforts by individuals, organizations, and social networks that exist among them and between them and the larger system of which the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 2.6.1 Fundamental Characteristics of Community Capacity sites Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Each community has existing strengths that enable it to function. As in all living organisms, some fundamentals characteristics are stronger, better defined or more Repository Universitas Brawijaya kepository Universitas Brawijaya Repoused then others. All of the following fundamental characteristics are present in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposome capacity in all communities (Chaskin et.al, 2001). Universitas Brawijaya • A sense of community, it reflects the degree of relationship among Repositor members and recognition of mutuality of circumstance, including a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor threshold level of collectively held values, norms, and vision. as Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor responsibility that particular individuals, groups, or organizations take for Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor what happens in the community. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The ability to solve problems is the ability to translate commitment into Repositor action and is an important component of virtually all definitions of capacity Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor relating to community wilaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Access to resources is the economic, human, physical, and political capitail Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya within and beyond the neighbourhood. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2.6.2 Levels of Social Agency Repository Universitas Brawijaya erent levels of agents and agencies which Within every community there are diff work together to help meet both the individual and the collective needs of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya community. The **individual level** operates through **human capital** and leadership. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya initiatives need to focus on intitaives that create short-term outcomes but that Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 2.7 Community Capacity Development and Policy Structure Model How a community uses their capacity to plan, implement and evaluate community policy structures shown at figure 2.5, The Community Capacity Development and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Community Policy Structure Model. Repository Universitas Brawijaya That framework enables for the identification, examination, clarification and Rep conceptualization of community processes through the implementation of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo community policy structure, which it whilst simultaneously providing a basis for Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositoriunity capacity analysis. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Miyoshi (2012, p.10) stated that "This model not only aiming at developing Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repocommunity capacity but also implementing a higher value added and better a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya community policy structure, which consists of economic, social, environmental and political activities to change the life of the community's population". Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In this context community capacity is defined as the ability of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya community, organizations and individuals, to produce outcomes resulting from their collective activities using available resources, such as human, physical, Reposocial, political and organizational resources (Miyoshi, 2012, p.10). as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Activities Implementation Economic Formal/Market/Informal Outcomes Individual/Household So cial Formal/Informal Commu nal/Collective Individu al/Household Intermediate Outcomes of Outcomes Community Inputs Environmental Change of Change of Formal/Informal Communal/Collective Individual/Household Target Group Society) Political Formal/Informal Communal/Collective Individual/Household Community Community Capacity <u>Strategic</u> Component Characteristics of Community Capacity Function Sense of Community Human Resources Commitments Leadership Implementation Ability to Set and Achieve Objectives Evaluation Organization Ability to Recognize and Access to Resources Network

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2.8 Conceptual Framework of Research

The conceptual framework is used to outline the direction of study and show the relationships between ideas or thoughts with the preferred approach. In the present research, the researcher tries to combine the public policy implementation and

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Repository The framework is quite flexible to be added some aspects in order to adjust with the condition of local government. The conceptual framework of Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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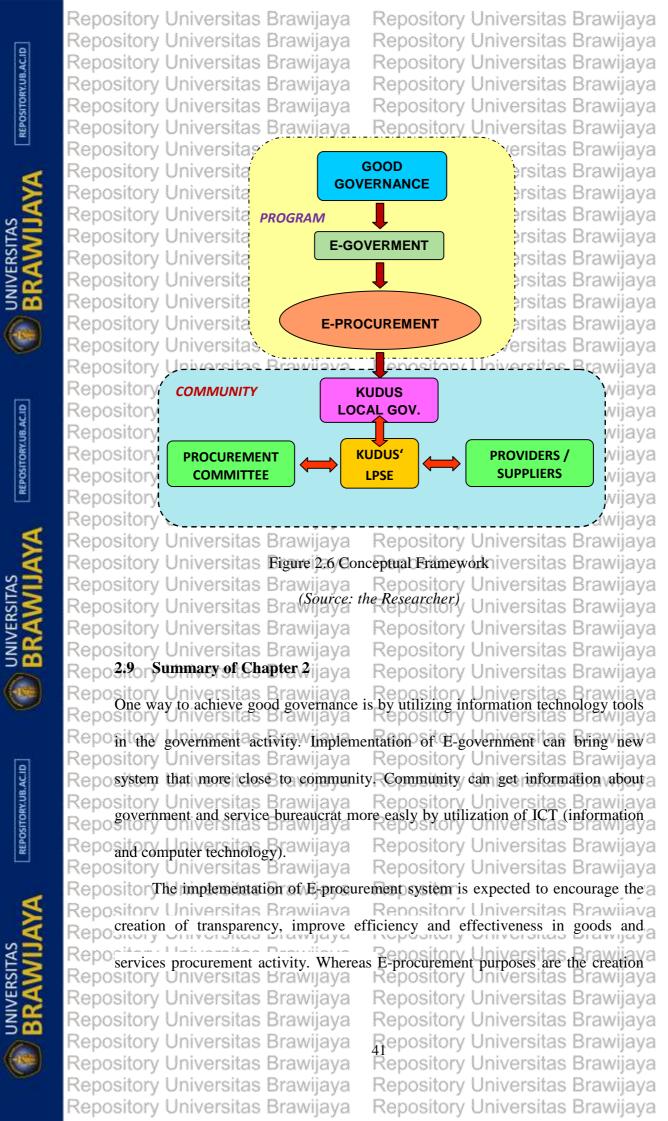
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report procurement services that Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repointeroperability, and data security. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The implementation of E-procurement system contributes to community capacity development which can be significantly related to community capacity Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repopulicy structure model. Inputs in Repository Universitas Brawijaya community capacity features through procurement committee and providers Reposition improvement at procurement. This study will endeavor to explore the change of community (Kudus local Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repogovernment, Kudus' LPSE, Procurement Committee, and providers / suppliers) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and also the development of community capacity for the good public services to Reposim good governance. Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya efficiency, effectiveness, accountability, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya E-procurement program have effect on Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya CHAPTER 3: RESEARCH METHOD tepository Universitas Brawijaya Repository you of Research Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo In this present research, qualitative approach in the descriptive research method is Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoused, it means that a research process that aims to describe the exact Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava Reponature/something was happening and took place on the research conducted. The reason of using descriptive research method in this study is because the principle Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoobjective of this study is to analyze, describe, give a systematic illustration, fact a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo and accurate statement, and the relationship between phenomena and theory, and in the last, is making any suggestion to improve or recommendation for future Repository Universitas Drawijaya Reporesearch. Miles and Huberman (1992, p.1-2) stated that: Universitias Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor "Qualitative data is a source of broad descriptive and sturdy, and includes an a Repositor explanation of the processes that occur in the local scope. With qualitative Repositor data, we can follow and understand the flow of events in chronological Repositor order, assess the cause and effect within the scope of the local people's minds, and again, the qualitative data is more likely to be guiding us to obtain discoveries unforeseen and to form a new theoretical framework of data. It helps the researchers to go beyond the initial preconceptions and Repositor frameworks itas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repositor Based on the explanation of descriptive research above, the situation of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoorganization / agencies / institution will be reviewed first, in order to describe the Repository Universitas Brawilava

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositora) The head of Department of Transportation, Communication and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorb) UThe officers of LPSE aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor c) The officers of Communication and Information Divisionas Brawiiava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Pengadaan) / Procurement Committee / Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Uprocurement Officer (Pejabat Pengadaan) y Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositore) Providers / Suppliers / partners in procurement niversitas Brawijaya 2. Secondary data source. The secondary data source is data that can provide Repositor information indirectly and support this research. This data could be obtained Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor from the activities of other locations, from official documents, reports, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 3.5 Data Collection Process Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo For data collecting, the technique of field research (field research) is used. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reports and a research sites to observe the actual events and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo circumstances. In this research, the researcher collects and uses both primary and secondary data. Primary data is data that gathered by direct observation and in Repository depth interview. Secondary data is gathered by collecting data from formal Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo documents like regulation documents related with the topic of study. S Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2. **Transferability** is an attempt to make the research results as a reflection of the wider population by considering empirical issue that depends on the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor perception of the same between the contributors and the acceptor. Data and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya information on the primary data are collected and defined from informants Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor entire population that are relevant to the research objectives. Tas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 3. **Dependability** is the accuracy of the data which supported by evidence Repositor drawn from research locus. The research will be completed by tracking Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor activities that are documented through research and arches records collected a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor from research sites from the research site sitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Conformability is research objectivity based on the ethics as a qualitative Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito research tradition. Conduct by fauditing and inspect all components, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositoruse a method or procedure of gathering and recording the data that has been Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor supervised by supervisors. The supervisors must check and evaluate the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya conformability of data for a conclusion. For this purpose, the preparation of Repositor data from the field such as legal documents, official letters, and interview Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor report have been collected by the researcher tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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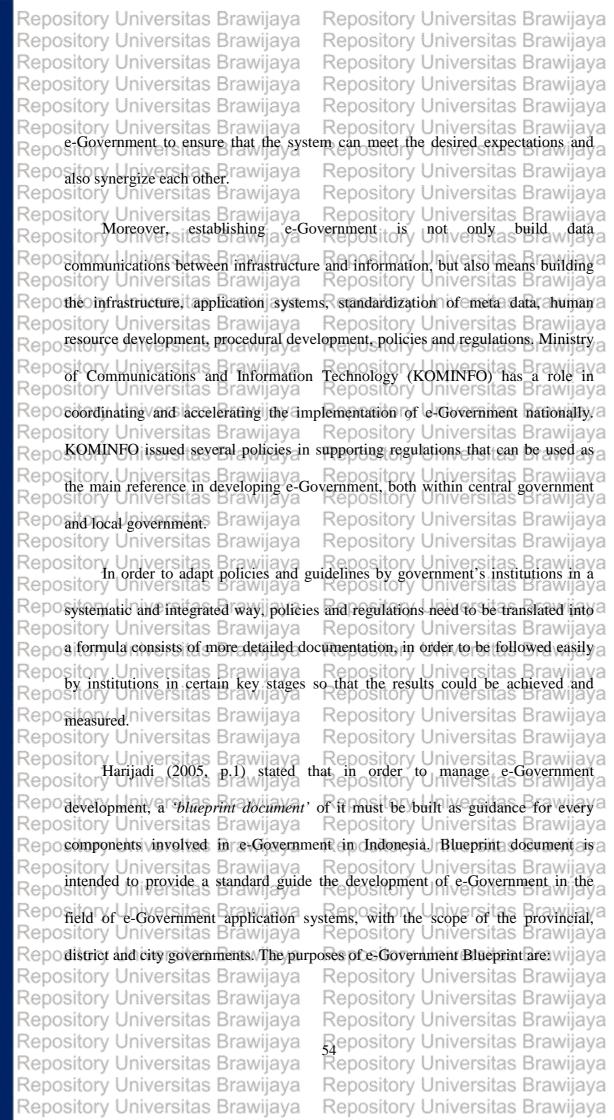
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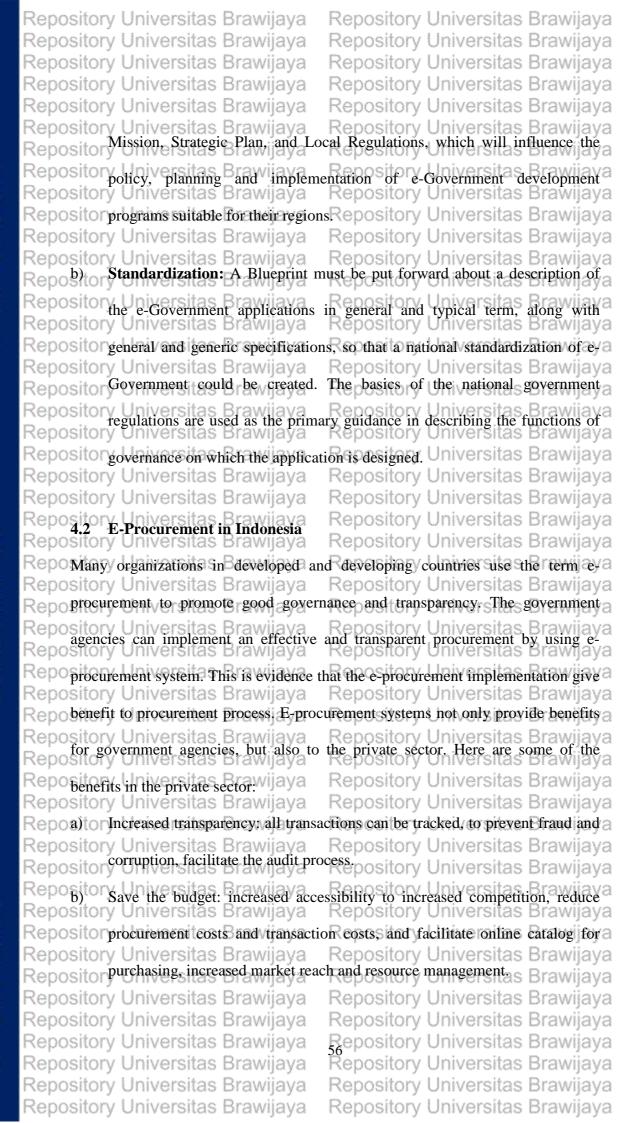
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Data Reduction Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor An electoral process focuses on an attention of simplification, and data Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor transformation. In data reduction, researcher conducts activity to the data Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya namely; select, focus, simplify, abstract, and transform the data that appear in their transcriptions or written-up field notes. Any project that qualitative Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor oriented would have occurred data reduction continuously. Sitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repos2orPresentation of Data (Data Display) pository Universitas Brawijaya It could be defined as a collection of structured information which gives the Repositor possibility of conclusion's withdrawal and actions taken. Generically, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor display is a presentation of the data obtained from the collecting data up to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya conclusions. The display will help the reader understand what is going on Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor and allow it to perform actions based on an understanding of the data Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor presented. Display may include tables, matrices, charts, diagrams, figures, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor images and networks awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor It is a part of the intact configuration activities. The conclusions are verified a Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repositor during the last study. It means that the data emerged from previous activity will be tested for truth, to get the validity of data in term of strength and Repository universitas Brawijaya kepository universitas Brāwijaya Repositor intelligence. Begins at the initial data collection, the qualitative analyst Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya began noting the regularity of the data, explanation, pattern, configuration, Repository University Brawijaya Repository University Brawijaya causality and propositions. Researchers came to the conclusion lightly, but Repository University Brawijaya Repositor still maintain openness, receive input and make conclusions more clear and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor explicit. Conclusions are also verified as the analyst proceeds as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijas CHAPTER 4: THE IMPLEMENTATION E-PROCUREMENT POLICY Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 4.1 E-Government in Indonesia Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report In accordance with Presidential Instruction No. 3 year 2003 concerning National Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Development Policies and Strategies of e-Government, every Governor and Regent / Mayor is mandated to take the necessary steps in accordance with the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoduties, functions and authority respectively to the implementation of e-a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Government development nationally. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor According to Presidential Instruction No. 3 year 2003, e-Government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya development is an effort to develop a governance based implementation (using) electronic devices in order to improving the public services quality efficiently and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Consideration of the lateral content of the l Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya restructuring the management system and work processes within the government to optimizing the information technology. Utilization of information technology Repoincludes two (2) activities related namely: epository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and work Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor processes electronic; awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Republic Utilization of advances in information technology for public services to Universities Brawijaya Repository Universities Brawijaya accessed easily and cheaply by communities throughout the country. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The scope of e-Government are extends from National Government to the Regional Government, but also, it is necessary to guide a standard development of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo1)tor Uniformity in mandatory application planning development itas Brawijaya Repo 2) Standardization of functions in e-Government application systems. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Braw Repo3) Provides the foundation for system Sdevelopment of e-Government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor applications in a comprehensive, efficient and effective ways. as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In order to maintain continuity of policies and regulations which have been reposition issued by the government, especially central government, the e-Government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Republications, and also take into account a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the current conditions such as advances in technology and the dynamics of autonomy area. Several laws as the main references in e-Government, in addition Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo to several other relevant rules, are: Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 1) Law No. 32 year 2004 (Amendment of Law No. 22 year 1999) entitled Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor "Local Government" awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Presidential Instruction No. 3 year 2003 on National Policy and Strategy for Repository e-Government Development. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In order to make the Blueprint as a standard of reference can anticipate the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportanges due to technological advances and the dynamics of regional autonomy, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the Blueprint must be designed with the principle of balance between *flexibility* and standardization of e-government. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya a) Flexibility: A blueprint provides guidance that is consistent but can be Repository modified according to the needs Repository Universitas Brawliaya and specific areas of government policy. Repositor Local governments can adjust the Blueprint according to their Vision, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



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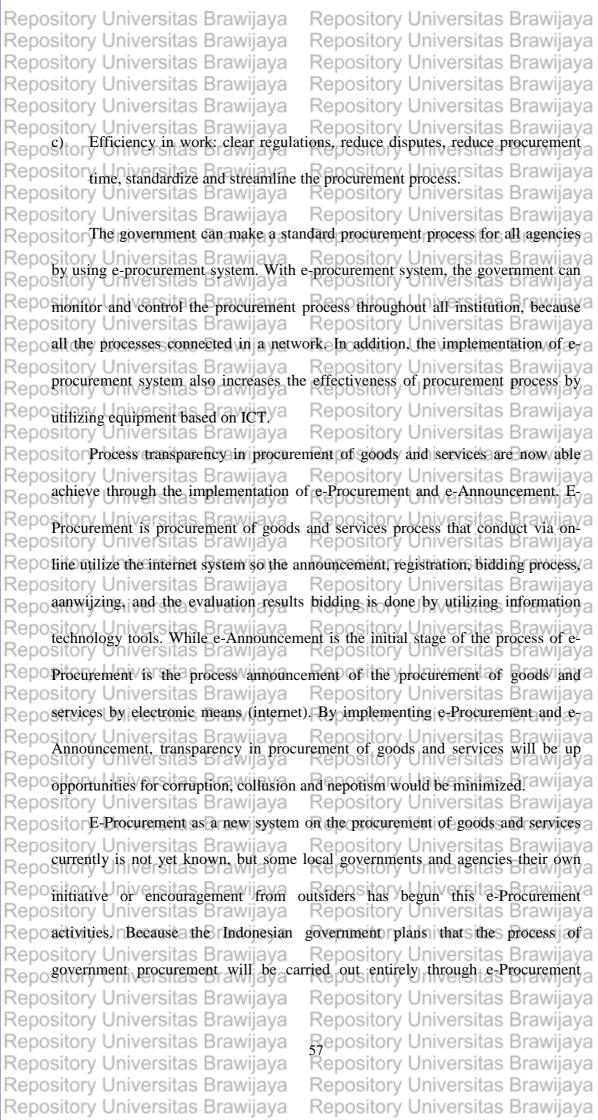
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya want to start learn and understand the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocess, the government would not Repoimplementation of e-Procurement. The willingness of agencies of local a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repogovernments to study and apply e-Procurement will be very large if the agency or a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya local government concerned knows the benefits and the impact that can be enjoyed when they apply e-Procurement in the system of procurement of goods and services. E-Procurement purposes are the creation of procurement services Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya that efficiency, effectiveness, accountability, transparency, fair and non-Repository open and fair competition, interoperability, and data security. Repositor According to Subramaniam and Shaw (2004), large organizations spend 14-2 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep 30% of the total revenue in the process of procurement policies beyond production bleak office supplies, equipment costs, and travel expenses. Besides regarding provision in Indonesia provided the fact that of the 4.2 million Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoint Indonesian companies engaged in the sector procurement of goods / services only a ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 3.5 percent of government involved (LKPP, 2009). Transport Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In an attempt to cover the weaknesses and difficulties in the procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya process and to realize in providing the goods / services efficiently and effective development of information technology should be utilized in the process Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportation of goods / services, one of which is the application of e-procurement. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya E-Procurement is a procurement process that refers on Internet use a means of information and communication (Croom and Jones, 2007). The process of procurement of goods and services with e-procurement system utilize information Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and communication technology facilities used to support the public procurement auction, the intensity of the procurement process electronically. This electronic Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya committee meetings with service providers or bidders can be minimized, so that practices often dirty coloring procurement process is expected can be prevented or a story Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya RepoavoidedUniversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In 2010, there are 48 government agencies in Indonesia, both in the center Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo and local those have implemented e-procurement system (Rahardjo, 2010). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Lembaga Kebijakan Pengadaan Barang dan Jasa Pemerintah team (LKPP) target the number of government agencies applying e-Procurement systems increased from initially only 48 agencies to 280 institutions including universities. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya From the results of the application of the e-Procurement some agencies provide data efficiency project realization compared with the budget ceiling or estimated prices (HPS) stated that the government tender savings achieved range of 20 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repopercent (Rahardjo, 2010), rawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Related to the dimension implementation of e-procurement, Djojosoekarto (2008) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya suggests that to support the implementation of e-Procurement there is several dimensions to be met which include; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositora) The action plan and task force (working group), liversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorb) Rules or regulations, ava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya c) Infrastructure and technology Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Uniman resources, wijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositore) U Institutional Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoa) tor The Existence Action Plan and Task Force (Working Group) Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya who were given the task specifically for Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportance everything required in the formation of Layanan Pengadaan Secara Repository Universitas Brawijaya Elektronik (LPSE); ranging from legal drafting up to launch implementation of epreparing regulations relating to the implementation of e-Procurement, prepare the Repository Universitas Brawijaya support infrastructure LPSE, preparing resources humans are needed to LPSE operation through socialization, study tours, workshops, training, as well as provide information around services procurement electronically to stakeholders. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repobltor Rule or Regulation awijaya Repoguide/ service/ electronic procurement (e-Procurement). These regulations Repository Universitas Brawijaya Regulations such as the Governor, in addition to that regulation can be defined by Procurement; Letter Working Group, Implementation Decree e-Procurement, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Decree LPSE unit organization. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement. As a pioneer LPSE, group task has quite a task weight, including Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Regulation is is a set of rules needed related to LPSE implementation and be as a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Governor's Decree. Various issues related to such as the implementation of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya c) Infrastructure and Technology Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Availability of infrastructure supporting the implementation of e-Procurement it is Repository Universitas Brawijaya important to e-Procurement smooth Repository Universitas Brawijaya implementation process. Some facilities required in support of e-Procurement services in ideal among other things: Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repofacilities such as: auction room (bidding room), a public waiting room and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report providers of goods and services, server room and training room. Sites Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Second, Hardware and Software Setup: some facilities required, among Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporters, the good computer for the server, administrator, for the client, as well as Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava for training and preparing back-up data is always identical accompanied by the Repository Universitas Brawijava Repoparent server installation of software (system application server, application Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repohelpdesk) niversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Third, Network Setup: network phone and fax, installation network LAN Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Internet local area network between the units in the scope of the agency to support Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement and each committee e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Performance of the committee Report Procurement application system installation pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The successful implementation of e-Procurement is also determined by readiness Repositor Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya of human resources, rise of the quantity (amount), and quality (capacity and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repointegrity). What is meant by human resources are those people involved in the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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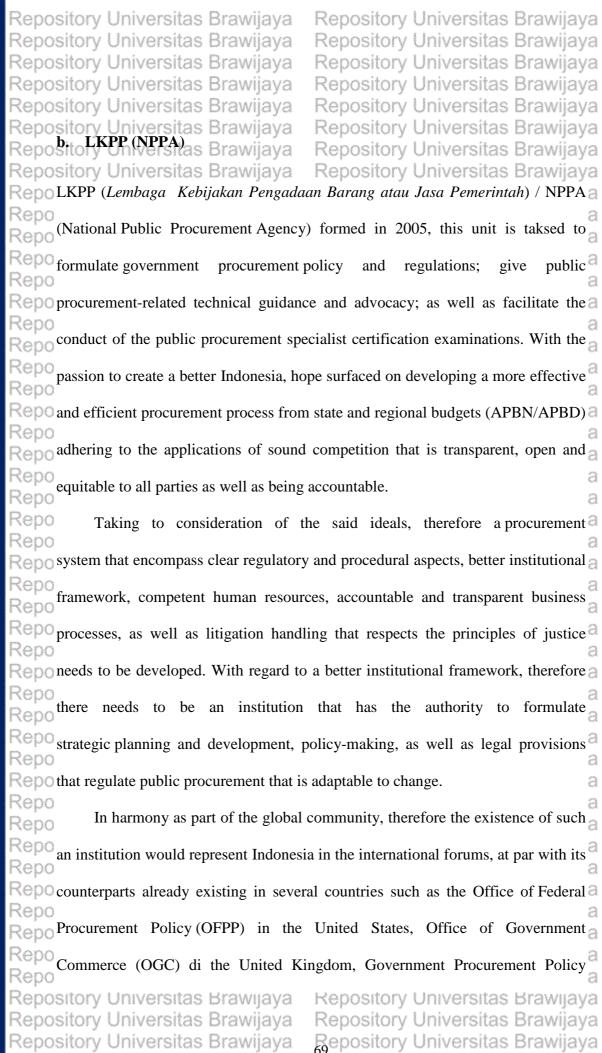
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya creation a good procurement of goods and services. Implementation of e-Procurement to reduce the cost of goods and services procurement in terms of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repousers, work units and providers of goods and services and to improve the a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya qualifications of goods and services generated by the provider. With this system, the results of the work packages in the procurement system to be optimized and Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya epository Yogyakarta local government target in the provision of government goods and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya services are met. E-Procurement in a rational budget can save 20-40%. In of the budget for small contracts and 23% Reposition, e-Procurement can save 50% Repo for large contracts (Udoyono, 2012, p. 147) epository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo2)tor In Surabayatas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In early 2003 the Surabaya local government based on The Decision President number 18 Year 2000 about The Guidelines for Procurement of Goods / a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Services for Government Agencies, to facilitate the process simultaneous auction Repository Universitas Repository Universitas pre-qualification process electronically. Company registration and evaluation following the procurement company Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo qualification is done via the internet. The main elements of the simultaneous Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement in 2003 are the transparency, effectiveness and efficiency. The Reporesponse and enthusiasm business world to this program is excellent, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Representation approximately 3,000 business entities doing www.lelangserentak.com registration Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya to the site and participate in the procurement in each unit of the local government area in Surabaya. With this system Surabaya local government managed to get a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo10 percent budget savings and almost the entire project can be completed on time a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya at the end 2003 (KPK, 2007, p.13). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Outcome is the result given by the product of a program or also called as a result of the continued output. The expected outcomes of the implementation of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Procurement in Surabaya local government are as follows (KPK, 2007, p.53); ava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 1. Community supervision in government procurement ersitas Brawijava 2. Avoiding corruption, collusion and nepotism (*KKN*) between the organizers, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor participants and procurement manager pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Results of optimal work packages and procurement in the relevant the target Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Suppression costs from the users of goods and services, labor units, and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor providers goods and services a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universit Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universit Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 6. Increased compliance qualification specification of goods and services was a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo7. or Creating fair competition.ava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the period of 2004-2006 in which the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The facts show that during e-Procurement has begun to implement in Surabaya local government, the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo frequency small company that wins the tender is much larger than bigger ones. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Average of more than 90% of companies that won the bid is a small company in those years. The implementation of e-Procurement held since 2004 providing a Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya epository considerable advantage, because it managed to save Self-Estimated Price (HPS) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya reached 20-25%. Self-Estimated Price substantial savings as a form of efficiency and effectiveness of the procurement process and services electronically so that providers can offer the goods and services prices of goods and services with good Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya qualification (KPK, 2007, p.56). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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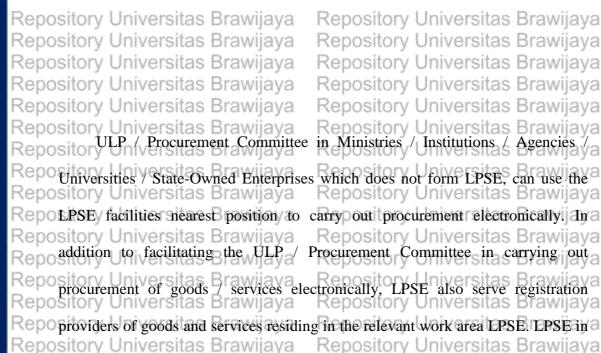
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya in Ministries / Institutions / Agencies / Universities / State-Owned Enterprises which does not form LPSE, can use the Repository Universitas Brawijaya RepolPSE facilities nearest position to carry out procurement electronically. In a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement Committee in carrying out procurement of goods / services electronically, LPSE also serve registration

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organizing the service system for Procurement of Goods / Services electronically are also required to meet the requirements as stipulated in Law No. 11 Year 2008 Repoon Information and Electronic Transactions. pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repo: Multiple Buyers .PSE Repos (e-Procurement Market Place) Repos **Modules** Repos Institutions / Agencies, etc e-Tendering Repos Repos e-Selection Repos e-Reverse Repo Auction Repos -Purchasing Repos Repos e-Catalog UPL / PSU, Repos (price data bank) **Procurement** Repo: Committee

Multiple Seller/ Provider Supplier/Vendor/ Contractor Provider of goods and services

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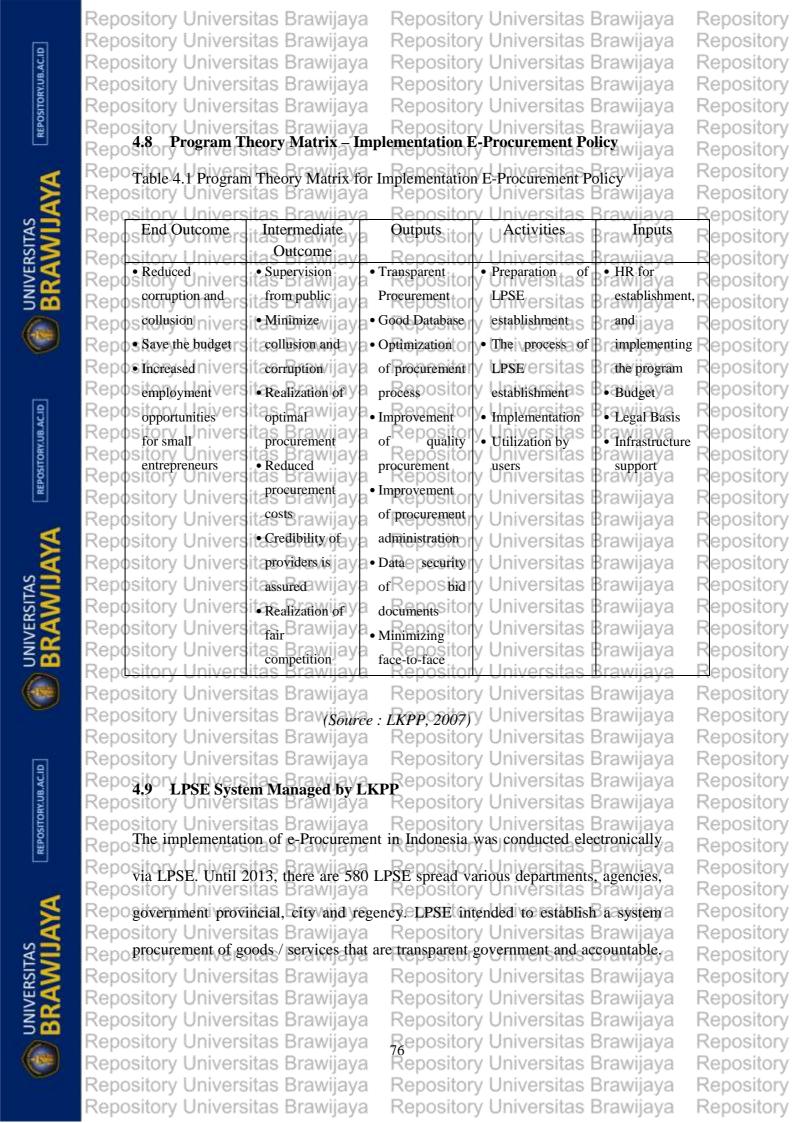
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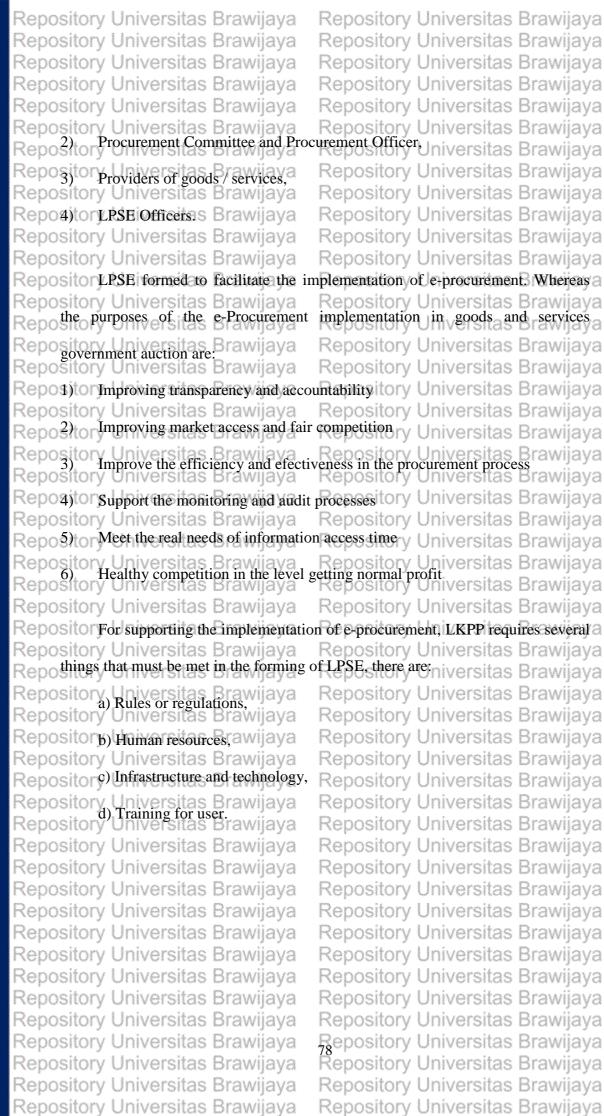


Repository Universitas Brawijaya Indonesia. Therefore, as a matter of cryptography techniques in information Repository Universitas Brawijaya security is the forte of this institution. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor For ensuring the security of transactions in the process of e-procurement, in a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2008 LKPP worked with this agency. Lemsaneg develop Application Security Documents (Aplikasi Pengaman Dokumen - Apendo) used by procurement Repository participants for document encryption and decryption by the procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya committee for the document. After development Apendo, Lemsaneg and LKPP develop Public Key Infrastructure (Infrastruktur Kunci Publik – IKP) and make Lemsaneg as a CA (Certification Authority). The year 2010 is expected IKP Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposystem can be used in all LPSE. LKPP also cooperate with BPK (Badan Repository Universitas Brawijava Pemeriksa Keuangan) to complete LPSE system with modules of e-procurement audit. This module allows the auditor (inspector or CPC) to conduct audits Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo electronically to the procurement process. BPK will also help LKPP and all a ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya managers LPSE to socialize e-audit system is in the Internal Audit Unit to user Repository Universitas Brawijava agencies LPSE. Implementation and dissemination of e-procurement audits are Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repealso carried out by the Supreme Audit Agency (BPK)/ Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya In terms of implementation, the number of users LPSE will be growing. Distributed model causes LPSE system will not face obstacles transaction volume. Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep On the side of application development, LKPP prepare system that allows the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya provider to follow the auction in another LPSE without registration and other Repository in versitas Brawing a verification. In other words, there will be a provider of data interconnection in all Repository RepoliPSE. This allows the provider to participate in the auction. Versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya In terms of the development of all comes from the central government then in socialized primarily to control every aspect of the institution local government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthe purpose of the e-Procurement system is to provide guidance for implementing a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement of goods / services that the government conducted electronically. Repository the goal for this system is Repository universitas Brawijaya to further improve transparency and accountability so that the goal government to obtain goods and services required Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya at the same price or more lower than the market price without ignoring quality and quantity, time of delivery as required. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor LPSE application is an application of e-procurement developed by LKPP Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo (formerly the Centre for Development Policy Public Procurement - Bappenas) to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya be used by government agencies throughout Indonesia. This application was Repository Universitas Brawijaya developed by spirit of national efficiency so as not require any fee for the license; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report only LPSE license application itself but also the supporting software. One Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya important element in e-procurement is the exchange of documents. To ensure the security partner offering documents, LKPP working with State Code Institution Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo develop Application Security Documents which is used to encrypt and decrypts a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya documents. User is a participant / user LPSE website are required to have a User Repository Universitas that have been registered on the website LPSE.

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Users are an all parties using the LPSE website, not only the PPK / Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Committee, but also providers of goods / services who have registered and have a User ID and Passwords in LPSE website. The parties that related with LPSE are; Repo1) to The budget user (Pengguna Anggaran STPA) or deputy of budget user Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor (Kuasa Pengguna Anggaran - KPA), epository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya implementation in goods and services Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Kudus comprises of nine sub-districts, which are Kota, Bae, Gebog, Jati, and Dawe. To the north is the Muria Repository Universitas Brawijaya Undaan, Mejobo, Jekulo, Kaliwungu, Repositor Brawijaya Mountain, the highest area in Kudus. To the west is Jepara Regency, to the South Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reports Demak Regency, and to the east is Pati Regency. The detailed map of Kudus Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Regency is illustrated in figure 4.5. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The name Kudus arose from Arabic language, "Al Quds", which means "Holy Place." The name was given by Sunan Kudus, the Islamic religious leader, in the sixteenth century. Kudus' residents mostly are Javanese although there is an Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Arab neighbourhood in Kudus *Kulon*, to the west of the central city as well as an a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Indonesian Chinese minority in the central city sitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Kudus are a major economic power in Pantura region, and average income Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya levels and standards of living are among the highest in Central Java. The city is famous as "birthplace" of the *kretek* clove cigarette, which is the most smoked Repository Universitas Brawijaya Universitas Brawijava Repo form of tobacco in the country at the time. Haji Jamahri, a resident of the city, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya invented them in the 1880s, and the city remains a major central for their manufacture. The regency's successful economy is based on food and beverages Repository (Soto Kudus, Lentog, Jenang, and Bandeng Presto), cigarette companies (Djarum, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Sukun, etc), textiles and garments (embroidery, shirts, and clothes), electronics (Polytron), and furniture (kudos, gebyok and carving). Most of these manufactures are produced by joint-venture companies backed by foreign and local investors. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Kudus also relied on plantation agriculture, including the production of sugar and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya rice (www.kuduskab.go.id, 2013). Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repository Universitas (Repository Universitas 8 Repository Universitas (Repository Universitas I Repository Universitas I Repository Universitas I Repository Universitas Repository Universitas 8 Repository Universitas 8 Repository Universitas I Repository Universitas I Repository Universitas (Repository Universitas (Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Also, there are some traditional ceremonies and religious rituals which are the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report heritages of Kudus' ancestor, held

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and secondary education, and freeing Repository universitas Brawijaya

Repopublic health centre as Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Figure 4.5 Kudus Regency Area Repository Universitas Source: http://kuduskab.go.id, 2013) versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The tourist attraction spots can be found in several areas, such as Minaret of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Kudus, Kretek Museum, Monthel waterfall and Pati Ayam archaeological site.

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Dandangan, Sewu Kupat are some of traditional Islamic ceremonies in Kudus. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Despite its economical growth, however, Kudus has been facing several Repository Universitas Brawiiava problems, although it is not as big as other cities in Indonesia. Poverty, juvenile delinquency, and health are the major problems of Kudus regency. These issues

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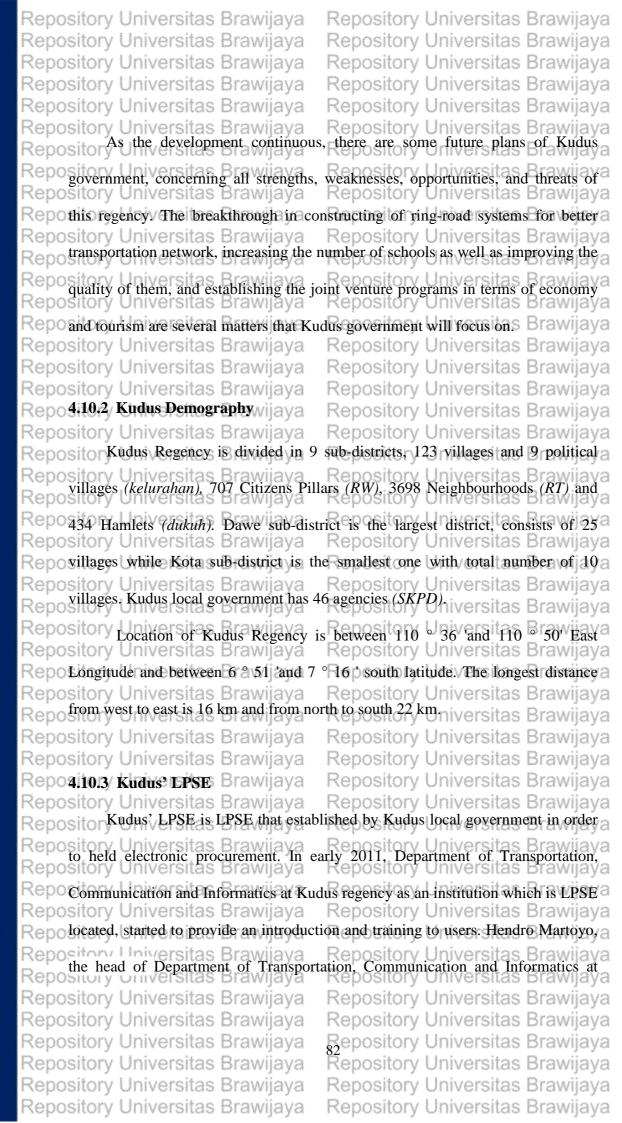
periodically in one year. Bukak Luwur,

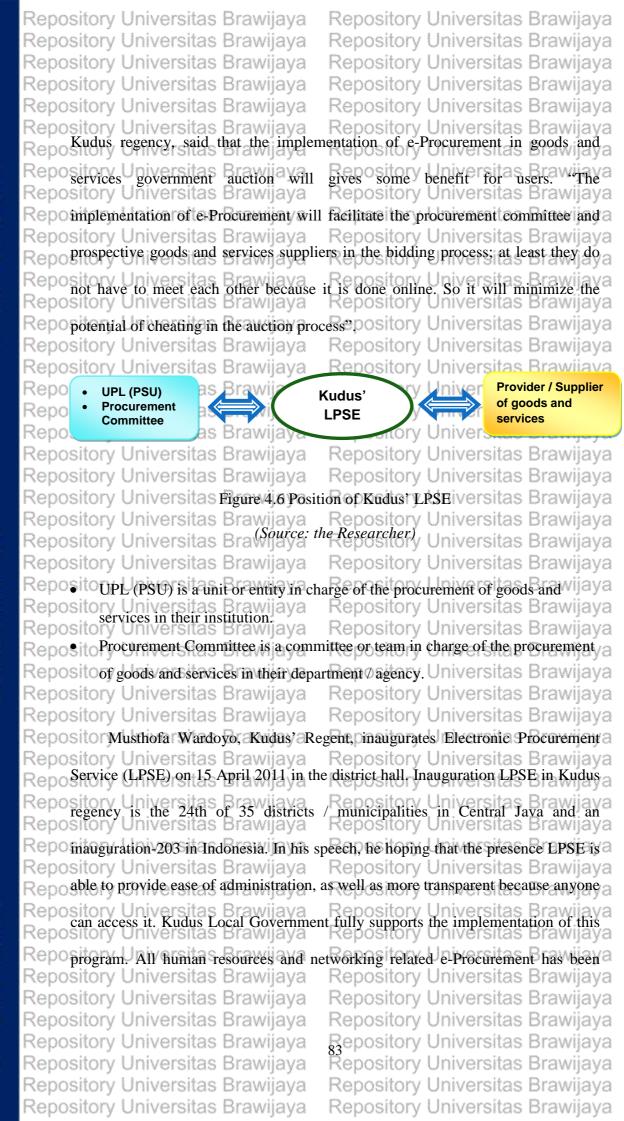
Repo have been solved continuously by the local government through many ways, such a Repository Universitas Brawijaya as constructing vertical housing for poor people, improving the quality of primary

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the medical charges in local government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya







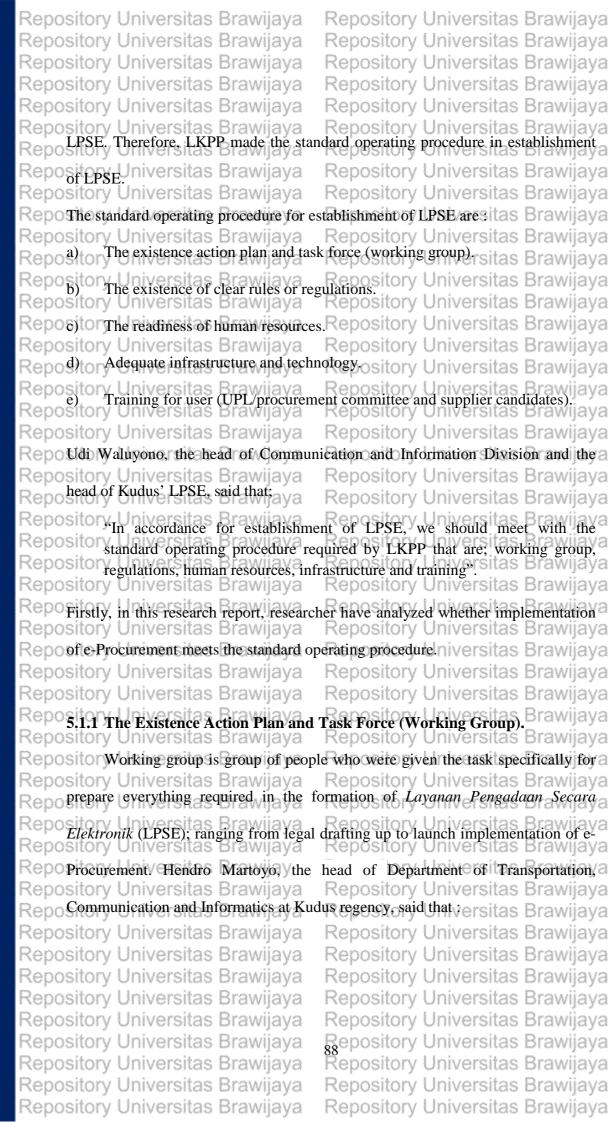
Repository Universitas Brawijaya there. "All SKPD (institutions / agencies) should be able to take advantage of this Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor<u>y</u> Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The event was also attended by Director of National Public Procurement Agency (LKPP), Tubagus Achmad Chusni. In the same time, he said Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report that the application of implementation LPSE a system of mandatory procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya of goods / services electronically as provided in Presidential Decree No. 54 Year 2010 on the Procurement of Goods / Services". Then the electronic procurement epository Universitas Brawijaya or e-procurement to be one important requirement in creating transparency and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya accountability in the procurement of goods / services of the government", he said. He hoped that it had the support of all parties, because the system is part of an Report for achieve reform and good governance free from corruption. In particular Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report was very impressed with the wide application of technology to support various Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya programs in the Kudus Local Government. Especially with free ID card program has been online up to the village. "Credit point separate to the Kudus Local" Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Government of being able to put the technology under the existing regulation", he Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor In accordance with standard operating procedures, at the beginning of the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Administrator, an officer of the agencies tasked with clicking-entry of data Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor relating to the agency wijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Verifier, an officer whose job is to deal with public registration to become a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Help desk, an officer in the service of any questions or complaints from PPK, Procurement officers, and providers of goods / services related a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor processes and services electronically epository. Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Trainer, an officer who gives training to PPK, Procurement officers, and Repository providers of goods / services related e-Procurement. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya They have been carrying out training conducted by the LKPP and LPSE of Undip Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito 2010 They also give training Repository Universitas Brawijaya for users; Procurement Committee or Procurement Officer and Providers of goods / services, before LPSE of Kudus Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoinaugurated in April 2011. awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repod.11 Summary of Chapter 4 Jaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava The Government of Indonesia, started from 2003, has been trying to utilize Repository Universitas Brawijava the information and computer technology (ICT) to the success of e-Government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report development. E-procurement policy is a top-down policy model, which means Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya that it was first rolled out by the central government, and followed by local Repository Universitas Brawijaya government. Therefore, the central government formed a special body tasked Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo facilitates and manage the implementation of e-procurement along with the Repository Universitas Brawija Repository Universitas Brawijava regulations that govern them. LKPP (Lembaga Kebijakan Pengadaan Barang atau Jasa Pemerintah) / NPPA (National Public Procurement Agency) formed in Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 2005, this unit is taked to formulate government procurement policy and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportegulations; give public procurement-related technical guidance and advocacy; as Repository Iniversitas Brawijaya well as facilitate the conduct of the Repository Universitas Brawijaya public procurement specialist certification Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoexaminations ersitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Electronic Procurement Service (LPSE) developed by the Centre for Policy Development Procurement of Goods Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Presidential Instruction No. 5 of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Corruption. LPSE application is an application of e-procurement developed by Repository (formerly the Centre for Development Policy Public Procurement -Bappenas) to be used by government agencies throughout Indonesia. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Kudus' LPSE is LPSE that established by Kudus local government in order Repository University Brawing to held electronic procurement. This unit formed to facilitate the implementation of e-procurement at Kudus local government. In early 2011, Department of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Transportation, Communication and Informatics at Kudus regency as an Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya institution which is LPSE located, started to provide an introduction and training and and training and training and training and training and training and and an another a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Services - Bappenas in 2006 according a Repository Universitas Brawijaya 2004 on the Acceleration of Eradicate Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

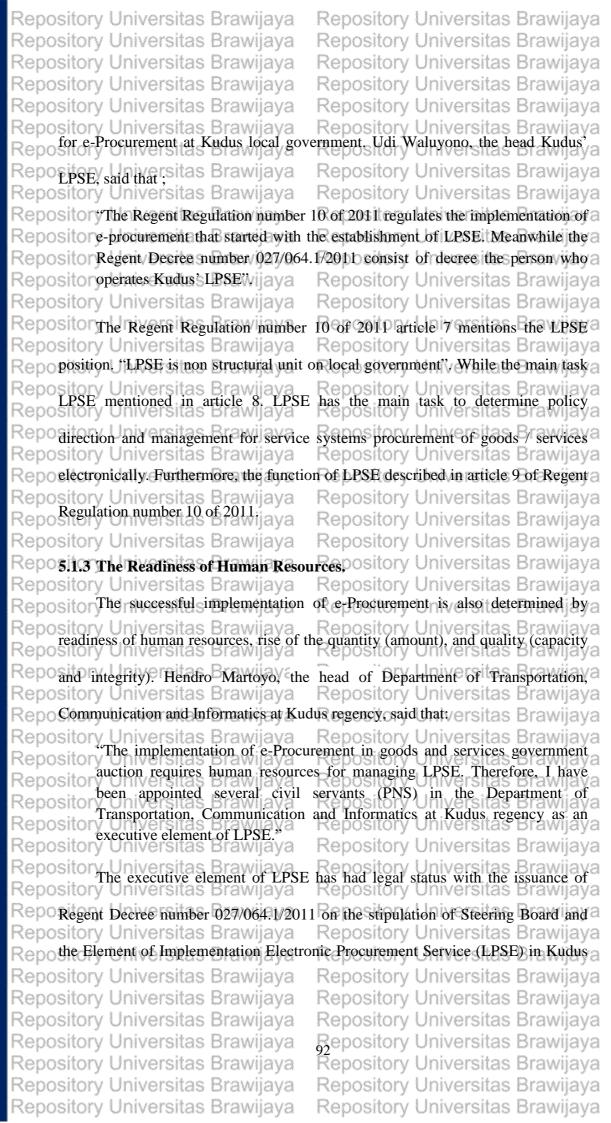
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya CHAPTER 5: ESTABLISHMENT OF KUDUS' LPSE Repository Universitas Brawijaya Kudus' LPSE was established to organize the procurement of goods and services system electronically at Kudus local government. The establishment of LPSE Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya must comply with standard operating procedure required by LKPP. The functions Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoiltor Manage E-Procurement system Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo2. Provide training to users ava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Provide a means of access to an e-procurement system Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo4. O Provide technical assistance related to the operation of an e-procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor system versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Provide verification facilities for users pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The Standard Operating Procedure for Establishment LPSE Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The implementation of e-Procurement in Kudus was conducted electronically via LPSE of Kudus. Djojosoekarto (2008) suggests that to support the implementation epository Universitas Brawijaya Report of e-Procurement there are several dimensions to be met which include; the action Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya plan and task force (working group), rules or regulations, infrastructure and Repository technology, human resources, and institutional. Meanwhile LKPP requires several things that must be met in the in the establishment of LPSE; rules or regulations, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repohuman resources, infrastructure and technology, and training for user, LKPP Repository Universitas Brawiaya agencies / local government to establish Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoencourage department / government Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava For implementation of procurement electronically, it is needed a team for LPSE. Department of Transportation, preparing establishment of Communication and Informatics, give an assignment to Communication and Informatics as a working group preparing establishment of LPSE". Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor As a pioneer LPSE, working group has quite heavy duties, including Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Perpending regulations related to the implementation of e-Procurement, preparing Repository Universitas Brawija Repository Universitas Brawijaya the support infrastructure of LPSE, preparing resources humans are needed to Report LPSE operation through socialization, study tours, workshops, training, as well as Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report provides information around services procurement electronically to stakeholders. Repository Universitas Brawijava Renository Universitas Brawijaya Communication and Information Division at Department of Transportation, Communication and Informatics as working group in the implementation of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report at Kudus regency. aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Udi Waluyono, the head of Communication and Information Division and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the head of Kudus' LPSE, said that; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor "The Communication, and Information Division, given assignment as a Repositor working group to preparing establishment of LPSE because it has function Repositor to manage communication and information? Tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Rennsitory Universitas Brawilava Repository Universitas Diawijaya Communication and Information Division given the task for prepare everything required in the formatting of Layanan Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Pengadaan Secara Elektronik (LPSE). They are given task as working group, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya because their functions are; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Formulating technical policy in the field of information and communication. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava validity of execution of the transaction, including correspondence through electronic media such as the legal aspects of sign electronic signature and stamp Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoduty for various documents. In addition, it should be the establishment an agency a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the right to approval registration of service providers. It is also determining the location and setting the time of delivery, and acceptance bidding documents. In this matter also a guarantee on the validity of the audit auction process / tender Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repothrough electronic media (e-Procurement) epository Universitas Brawijaya Department of Transportation, Martoyo, Repository Univer the Repository Repo Communication and Informatics at Kudus regency, said that estilas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Not only regulations from central government, but also regulations from Repositor local government as legal basis the e-procurement implementation. Kudus Repositor local government issued regulations that regulate implementation of e-Repositor procurement at Kudus regency". Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Kudus local government issued; the Regent Regulation number 10 of 2011 on Guidelines for Procurement of Goods / Services Electronically in Kudus Local epository Universitas Brawijaya Government (Peraturan Bupati Kudus nomor 10 tahun 2011 tentang Pedoman Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Pelaksanaan Pengadaan Barang/Jasa secara Elektronik di Lingkungan Pemerintah Daerah kabupaten Kudus) and the Regent Decree number 027/064.1/2011 on the stipulation of Steering Board and the Element of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Implementation Electronic Procurement Service (LPSE) in Kudus Local Repository Universitas Brawijaya Government (Keputusan Bupati Kudus nomor 027/064.1/2011 tentang Penetapan Repo Dewan Pengarah dan Unsur Pelaksana Layanan Pengadaan Secara Elektronik Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo (LPSE) di Lingkungan Pemerintah Daerah Kabupaten Kudus) as the legal basis Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Local Government (Keputusan Bupati Kudus nomor 027/064,1/2011 tentang Penetapan Dewan Pengarah dan Unsur Pelaksana Layanan Pengadaan Secara Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Elektronik (LPSE) di Lingkungan Pemerintah Daerah Kabupaten Kudus. Wilaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Udi Waluyono, the head of Kudus' LPSE, said that: iversitas Brawijaya "The readiness of human resources is readiness an executive element of LPSE to managing and operating LPSE." Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Furthermore he explained that an executive element of LPSE is supported by the Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report head, secretary, services coordinator, administrator, trainer, helpdesk, and verifier. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo The main tasks of each executive element of LPSE are: Universitas Brawijaya The head of LPSE: an officer of LPSE tasked with organizing, planning, Repository Universitas Brawijaya kepository Universitas Brawijava Repositor coordinating and controlling the tasks implementation of executive element. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep 2) Secretary: an officer of LPSE tasked with implementing management of Repository Universitas Brawijaya data and information, planning the program, financial statements, personnel, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor general and public relations. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Services Coordinator: an officer of LPSE tasked with implementing services Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor software, and dissemination of e-Procurement services. ersitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep 4) Administrator, an officer of LPSE tasked with clicking-entry of data relating Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository the agency as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Verifier, an officer whose job is to deal with public registration to become a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorparinerversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rep 6) Help desk, an officer in the service of any questions or complaints from Repository Universitas Brawijaya providers of goods / services related Repositor processes and services electronically epository. Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Besides the executive element of LPSE, it also has the steering board that Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthe main task to give directives and policies to improve the quality, accountability Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo and transparency. The steering board composed of heads, secretaries and members. The executive element of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposecretary, 1 Coordinator, 3 people of verifier, 2 people of help desk, 2 people of Repository Universitas Brawijaya rainers and 3 administrators. Udi Waluyono, the head of Kudus' Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo human resources accordance with their respective roles, training for improve Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposibility is needed. They have followed the training of how to establish LPSE and Repository Universitas Brawijaya how to manage LPSE in LKPP and LPSE of Undip. They also do coordination Repository Universitas Brawijaya with LKPP, join e-Procurement training, attend seminar of e-Procurement to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Renoimprove their ability in e-Procurement services sitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

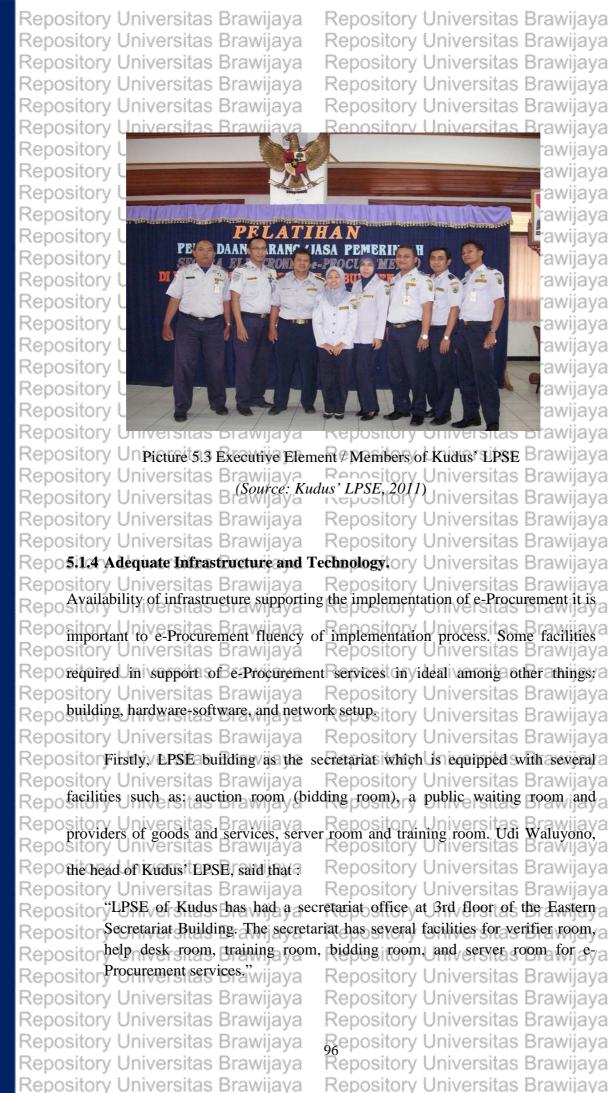
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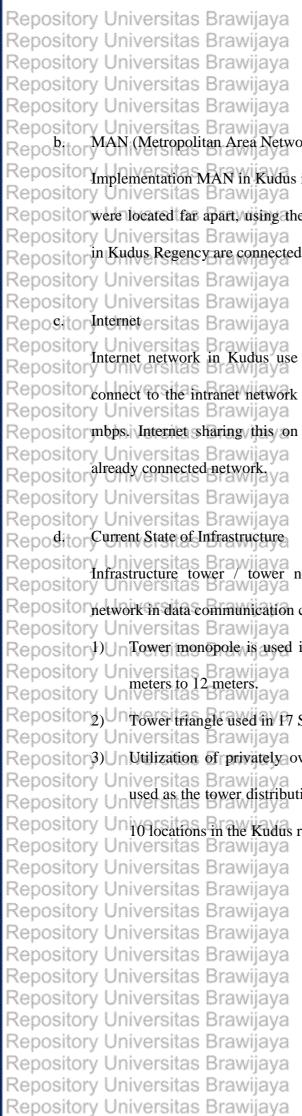
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Secondly, Hardware-Software Setup and Network Setup are requires for Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reported, among others, the good computer for the server, administrator for the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya client, as well as for training and preparing back-up data is always identical accompanied by the parent server installation of software (system application Universitas Brawijaya server, application helpdesk). Network Setup are network phone and fax, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya installation network LAN / Internet local area network between the units in the scope of the agency for supporting the performance of the committee procurement Repoand each committee, e-Procurement application system installation.as Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Eko Wibowo Saputro, the services coordinator of LPSE, said that ; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor "LPSE of Kudus has adequate Hardware-Software Setup and Network Repositor Setup for e-Procurement application system. The hardware-software and Repositor network not only be in LPSE of Kudus, but also scattered in several Repositor agencies rsitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Furthermore, he explained LPSE of Kudus network Infrastructure; tas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoa. to LAN (Local Area Network) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Rudus Local Government has Repository Universitas Brawijaya LAN network that connects all SKPD Repositor (agencies) in the Secretariat building and building around Secretariat by Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor using cable technology, among others; Secretariat, BKD, Bappeda, DPPKD, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository MAN (Metropolitan Area Network) epository Universitas Brawijaya Implementation MAN in Kudus is to connect between SKPD (agencies) that Repository Universitàs Brawijaya Repositor were located far apart, using the wireless technology. Currently, all SKPD a Repository Universitas Brawijaya in Kudus Regency are connected to a network until to the village. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the Internet service provider (ISP) which Repositor connect to the intranet network using the global network bandwidth of 20 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor mbps. Internet sharing this on to 43 SKPD and 132 villages in Kudus Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava Infrastructure tower / tower network and intranet data communication Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor network in data communication consists of tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor 1) Tower monopole is used in 106 villages with a height of between 8 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor 2) Tower triangle used in 17 SKPDs (agencies) and 27 villages (desa). aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor 3) In Utilization of privately owned telecommunications tower (MTB) is a Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository used as the tower distribution from and to each SKPD's spread across Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya 5.1.5 Training for Users

The successful implementation of e-Procurement is also determined by users. The Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Procurement Committee and the provider of goods / services will directly use and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya

involved in the process of procurement. Therefore, there is a trainer in executive element of LPSE. Trainer is an officer who gives training to PPK, Procurement Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Repositions, and providers of goods / services related e-Procurement. Las Brawllaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor LPSE of Kudus has given training for users; Procurement Committee Repositor Procurement Officer and Providers of goods / services since 2011. Procurement Officer and Providers of goods / services since 2011.

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Reporte explained that in the early implementation of e-Procurement, they have given Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportraining for 325 users in 2011. The training continued in 2012 and 2013. There are

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Hasan Asyari, Kudus LPSE trainer said that: Viniversitas Brawijaya

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Repositor "Implementation of LPSE training began in 2011, at the beginning given an a Repositor explanation of e-procurement in general. Furthermore the material that Repositor given is more specialized split between the procurement committee and

Reposito providers of goods and services. Procurement committee were given Repositor training on how to conduct the procurement electronically while the

providers of goods and services were given training on how to start

Repositor registering e-procurement until to submits bidding price" rsitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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aya jaya jaya ijaya jaya jaya ijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Breining for Users Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya (Source: Kudus, LPSE, 2011) Universitas Brawijaya kepository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitations Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya In this part, researcher will analyze the supporting factors in implementation of e-Parentation of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Procurement at Kudus Local Government, such as; executive mandate or a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repogovernment will, vision and mission of organization, and budget for implementing Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo**5.2.1 Executive Mandate or Government Will**itory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Executive mandate or government will is the main supporting factor for Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report obeyed all actors in procurement. Udi Waluyono, the head of Kudus' LPSE, said Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya that the establishment of Kudus' LPSE as a form of Kudus local government adherence to central government regulations. The central government has made lepository regulations that support the creation of a good procurement system. The Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportegulations are resitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposition The Presidential Regulation Number 70 Year 2012, the Second Amendment Repositor to the Presidential Regulation Number 54 Year 2010 about the Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor of Goods / Services. awijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository
2) The Presidential Instruction Number 17 Year 2011 about Action Prevention Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo 3) The Presidential Regulation Number 54 Year 2010 about the Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Goods / Services Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Procurement of Goods // Services. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Ukepastian hukum pengadaan barang/jasa pemerintah "sitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository ("Embodies a clear procurement rules, monitoring and evaluation systems are reliable, professional human resources, and certainty legal Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Uprocurement of goods / services for government") versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The next, mission is expected to be a guideline to achieve the goals, objectives, strategies, policies and activities to be implemented by Kudus' LPSE. niversitas Brawijaya Repositor Vision and I mission vis the supporting factor of the e-Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoimplementation in Kudus local government. Vision and mission will provide Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya guidance to Kudus' LPSE for implementing e-Procurement. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo**5.2.3 Budget for Implementing E-Procurement** ory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Every public policy needs supporting budget for implementing it. Hendro Martoyo, the head of Department Transportation, Communication and Repository Informatics at Kudus regency, said that every year Department of Transportation, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Communication and Informatics allocate budget for infrastructure and operational of Kudus' LPSE. He explained, for operational of Kudus' LPSE especially for training to users, Department of Transportation, Communication and Informatics Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoallocate:Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Fravijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas 2011wijaya ReRp139.400.000, ersitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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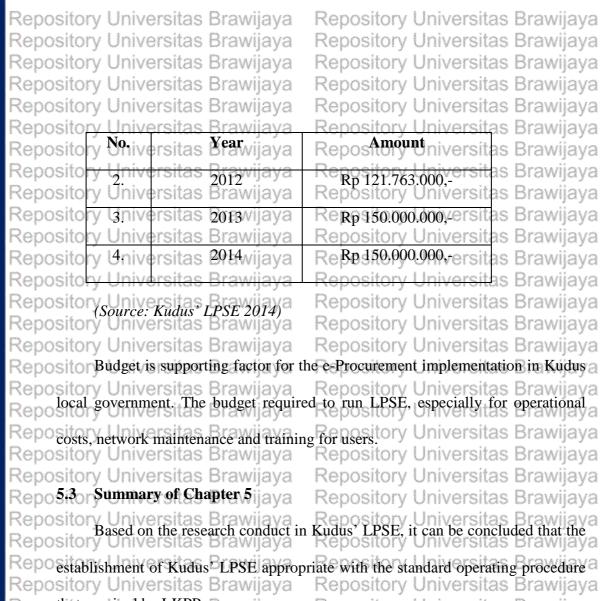
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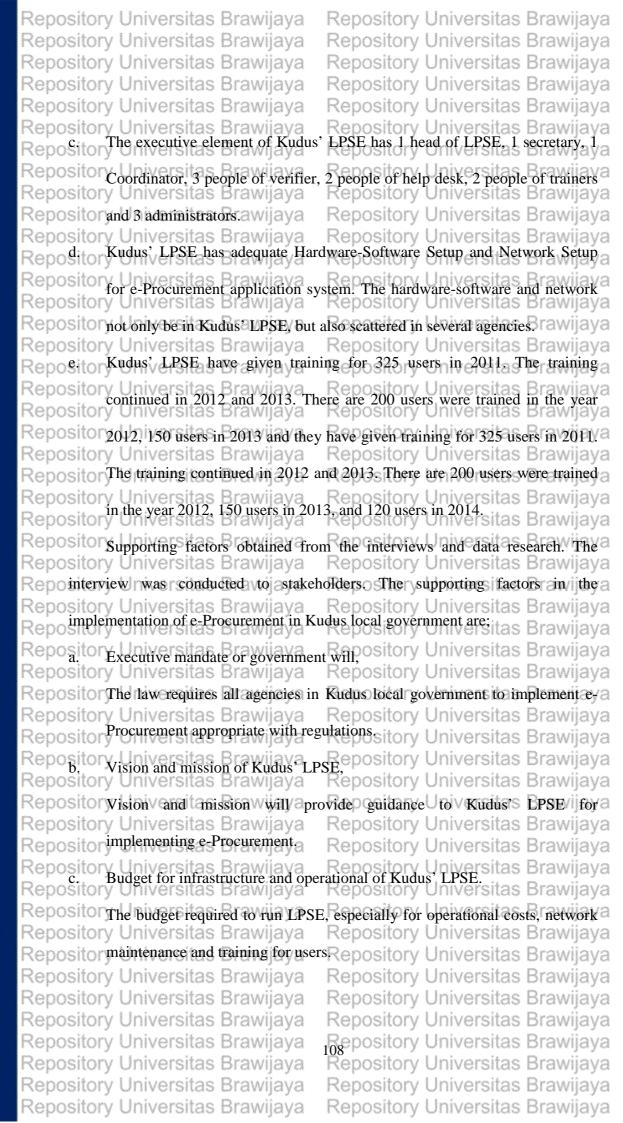
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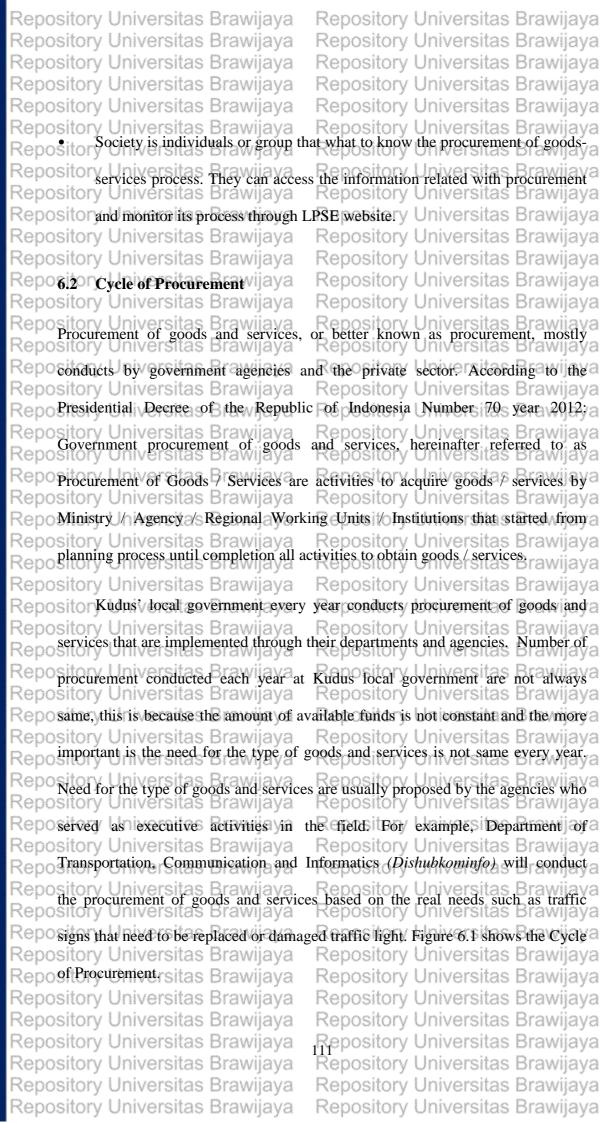


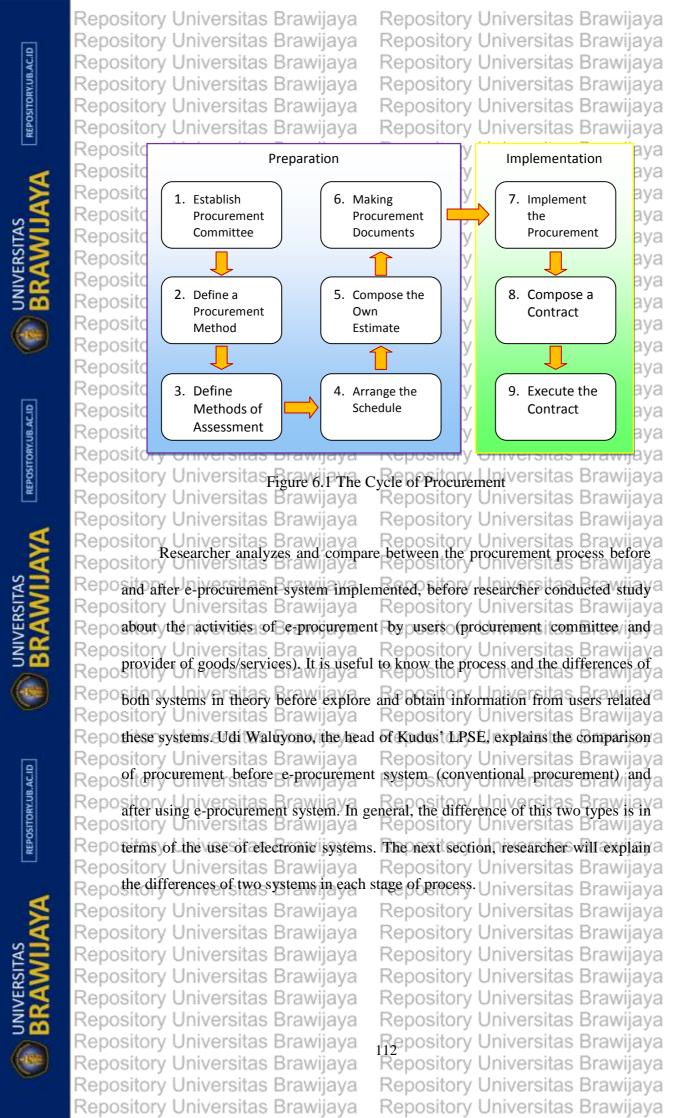
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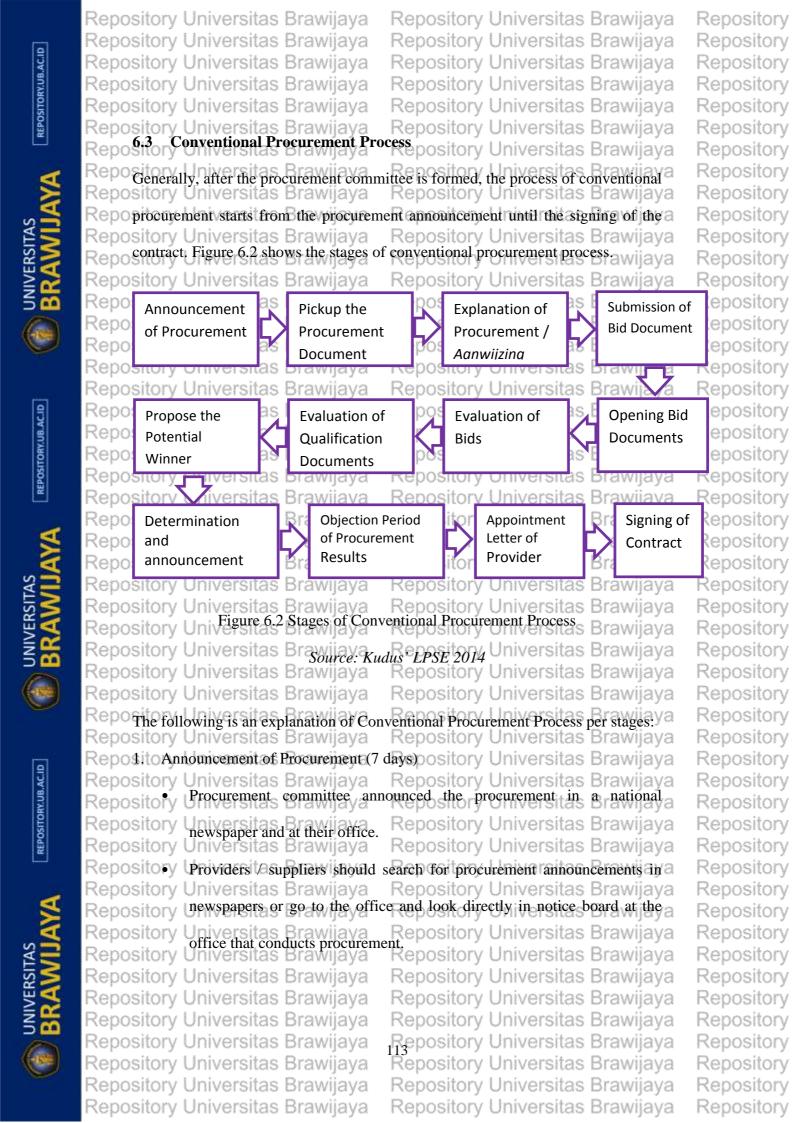
Repository Universitas Brawijaya inputs in policy structure such as human resources, funds, regulations, etc. Repositor They also want to share the information to public through web site. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Kudus' LPSE: Easa vorganisations of that of a cilitate / candia manage / ithe a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya implementation of e-procurement at Kudus local government. The purpose of this unit is to achieve the e-procurement policy objectives. Kudus' LPSE Repositor as well as a place to conduct e-procurement activities, ranging from Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor registration, the Bannouncement of packages // projects until the a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya announcement of the procurement winner. They have role as facilities of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor knowledge transfer to the community through training for users. They also Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor serves as a networking between Kudus local governments / agencies and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository University Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement committee: as representatives of agencies in the implementing Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor procurement at their agency. They have a primary duty to conduct the a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor procurement at their agency. The goal of procurement committee is to acquire goods or services in accordance with the desired standard. They Repositor announce their projects, their procurement process at LPSE website and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya give wide chance to all providers to join the procurement process. Providers of goods and services is individuals or private sector / corporate Repositor who want participate in the procurement of goods and services. They can Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor access the information related with procurement via LPSE website. And of Repository Universitas Brawijaya course they can participate in Repository Universitas Brawijaya the procurement process through LPSE Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor websiteersitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya





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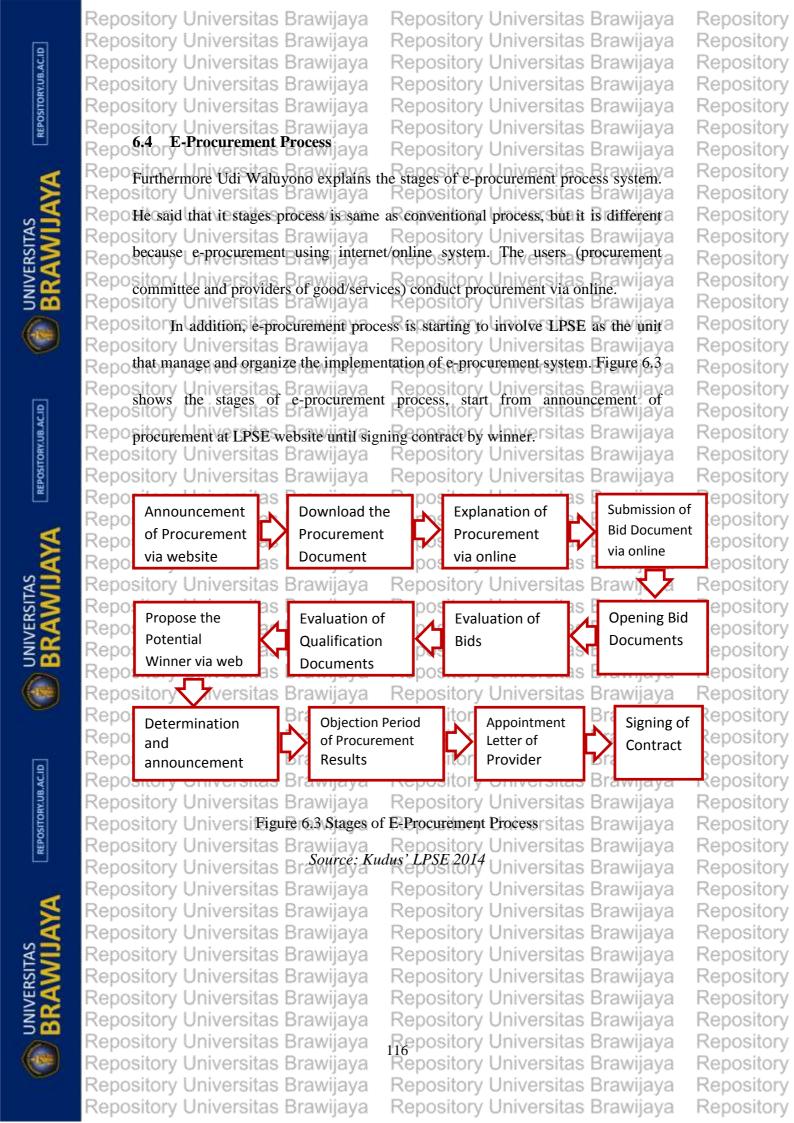
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Reposito Propose the Potential Winner (2 days) epository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Reposito Determination and Announcement the Winner (1 day) liversitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Procurement committee determines the winner and announcing it at their Repository Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Providers can come to the procurement committee office to look the Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repo 10. Objection Period of Procurement Results (5 days) Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Reposito V Provider reserves the right to convey objections to the procurement Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Providers can come directly to the procurement committee office or by Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Reposito Appointment Letter of Provider (1 day) pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Procurement committee issued an appointment letter for the winner. Repository Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Provider who win the procurement should come to the procurement Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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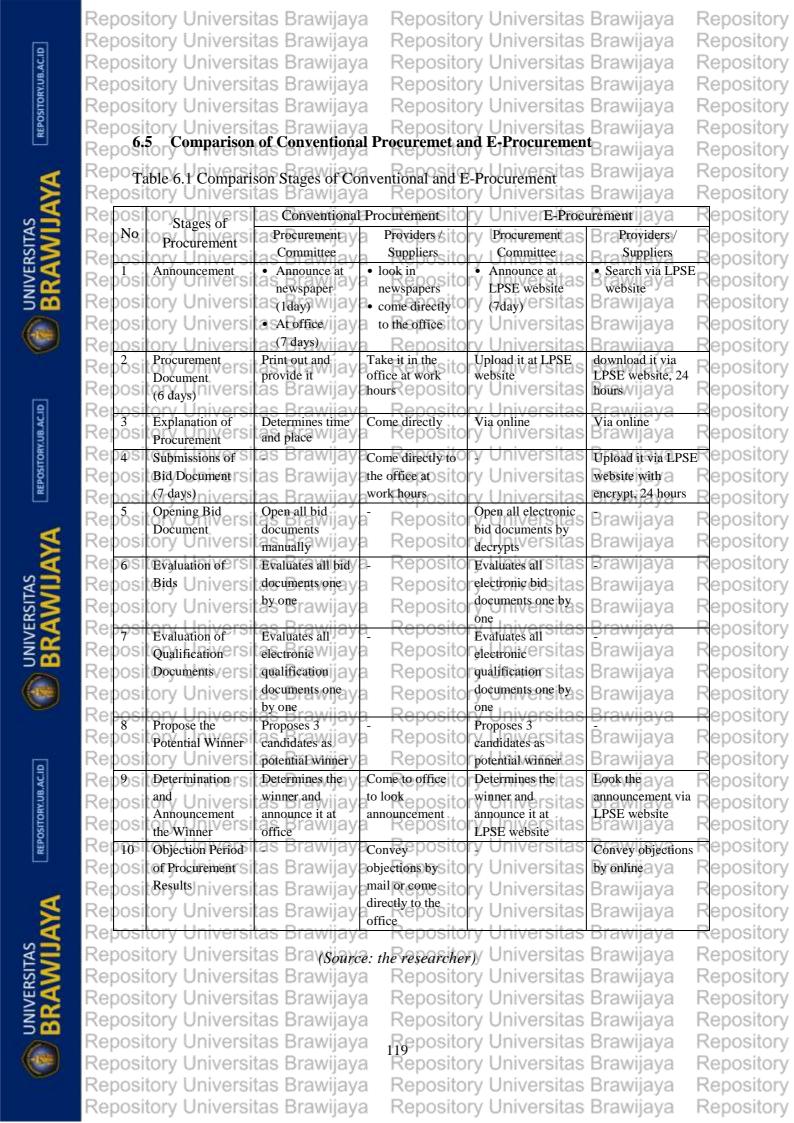
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Based on the table above, it can be concluded that the implementation of e-Repoprocurement more efficient in terms of time and cost when compared to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo conventional procurement, not only for procurement committee but also for a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Providers of goods and services. The implementation of e-procurement is more Repository Universitas Brawijaya transparent than conventional procurement because everyone / providers can see it Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repothrough the LPSE website.awijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report regulations procurement is the presidential decree No. 70 year 2012. There Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoare 2 types of procurement based Repository Universitas Brawijaya
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocurement and e-procurementaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya RepositorNone-procurementawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Percentage Value of procurement ≤ Rp 200.000,000,- may conducted through non e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Procurement committee announced the procurement at LPSE website. aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Providers should take documents directly at the office that conduct Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Providers should come to the procurement committee office for submit a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository bid document. Bid document in the form of hard copy with the sealed Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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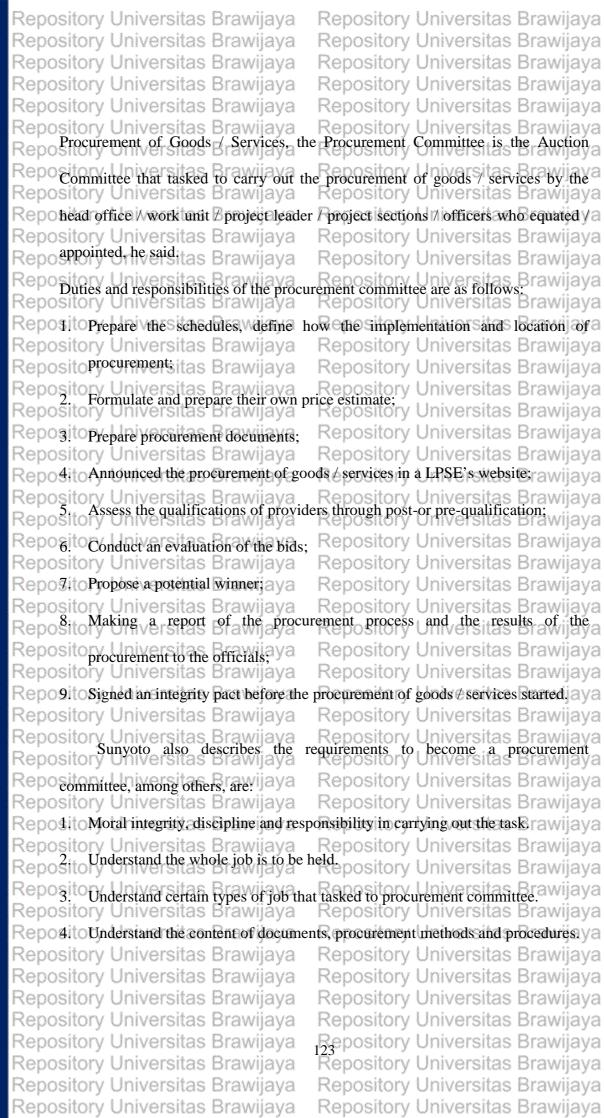
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava Rep 6.7 Case Study at Department of Transportation, Communication and Repositor Informatics (Dishubkominfo) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportation, researcher went to the Department of Transportation, Communication and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Informatics (Dishubkominfo) at Kudus regency and conduct interviews with the procurement committee. Researchers chose the procurement committee in this Repository department because Kudus' LPSE was established at this institution, although it is Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repolocated at different division with the procurement committee ersitas Brawijaya at Department of Transportation, Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Rep Communication and Informatics (Dishubkominfo) totaling 3 people consists of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repochairman secretary and members. They are pository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Chairman : Sunyoto, SE Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya, Amd Repository Universitas Brawijaya Researcher interviewed Sunyoto, the chairman of procurement committe, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportegarding their experience in the implementation of e-procurement at Department Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya of Transportation, Communication and Informatics. Sunyoto is a person who experienced in case of procurement because he has experienced more than 20 years handling the procurement. Before he told about the experience of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo conducting electronic procurement, first of all he explained about the procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya committee and their duties. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Based on The Presidential Regulation Number 70 Year 2012, the Second Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Amendment to the Presidential Regulation Number 54 Year 2010 about the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito No family relationship with the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoblic Have a Certificate of Procurement Expertise in accordance with the required a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorympetenciesitas Brawijaya Repository University Pact. Repository University Brawijaya RepositoCivil servants at their institutions or from other technical institutions. [awi] aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Furthermore, Sunyoto gives a qualification appraisal. The qualification appraisal is activities undertaken by a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo committee procurement to assess the competence and ability of the provider at the a Repository Universitas Brawijaya time of procurement. The qualification documents that collected by the procurement participants are appraised by procurement committee. Qualification document is a document prepared by the procurement committee and determined Repository Universitas Brawijaya by the service user as a guide in the process of manufacture and delivery of data Repository Universitas Brawijaya by a qualified provider. Repository Universitas Brawijaya There are 2 methods of appraisal in the procurement process, namely pre-Repository Universitas Brawijaya qualification and post-qualification. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Pre-qualification Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Pre-qualification is the process Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor ability, and compliance with certain other requirements of the provider of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository goods / services BEFORE submitting their bids. Its mean that only qualified a Repository companies that can submit bids. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor procurement. Consulting services are required to use the pre-qualification available. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya officials who set them as members of Repository Universitas Brawijaya brief explanation about the method of Repository Universitas Brawijaya of assessing the competence, operation Repository Universitas Brawijaya This method is implemented to a complex Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Post-qualification Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava use in the procurement process. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya head of the agency, they Reposition (e-procurement)3 rawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo**titse**y Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya of assessing the competence, operation Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor ability, and compliance with certain other requirements of the provider of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya goods / services AFTER submitting their bids. In general, this methode are Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor After getting the determination letter of procurement committee from the Repository Universitas Brawijaya could register themselves at LPSE. Each procurement committee must register in LPSE before announcing electronic Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya The following figure is flowchart from registration until the announcement at Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya 6.7.1 E-Procurement of Sub-Terminal Getassitory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya held in Department of Transportation, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo Communications and Informatics at 2012, namely e-procurement of Sub-Terminal a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Getas Pejaten Project. Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten Project is a project to renovate Repository universitas Brawijaya Repository universitas Brawijaya Kudus regency. The own price estimate (HPS) of this project is Rp Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 1.485.300.000,- from the budget Rp 1.500.000.000,-. E-procurement of Subpost-qualification method such as the Repositorial Getas Pejaten Project use Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocurement of goods in general. ya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the conventional procurement with e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Sunyoto added, if we compare Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement in terms of time schedule, there is no difference, because the time Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposchedule for procurement has been set in a presidential regulation. For example, Repository Universitas Brawijaya the Presidential Regulation Number 54 Repository Universitas Brawijaya 54 Year 2010 about the Procurement of Repo Goods / Services, in Article 61 paragraph (1) is written that: versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Announcements of procurement / selection carried out at least seven (7) Repository University, Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor • | Aanwijzing / briefing held most fast four (4) working days from the date Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Of procurement announcement; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor E-procurement of Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten Project requires 25 working Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya days, starting from the announcement of procurement until the announcement of winner and contract signing. But if examined more closely, there is a difference Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporting between the conventional procurement and e-procurement. E-procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava has longer working hours than conventional procurement related with work hours. For example at the stage of taking procurement documents, in the conventional Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocurement only conducted in working hours (9:00 to 15:00) ain which the a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya participant (providers of goods and services) must come directly to the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement committee office, while Repository Universitas Brawijaya process of downloading procurement epository universitas Brawijaya documents via LPSE website in the e-procurement conducted for 24 hours (00:00 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya to 23:59). This can be interpreted that the time duration of e-procurement longer Repository Universitas Brawijaya than conventional systems. Repository Universitas Brawijaya The following is a procurement schedule of Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Table 6.2 Time Schedule of Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten E-Procurement Reposite Universitas Brawijaya Repo**segin**ry Univ ersitas^{u**n**til</mark>awijav} C S 2012 August 2012 AV Repositor Announcement of Procurement Re31July2012Univ Reposito Universitas Brawijaya Repo##00rv Univ ersitas23:59awiiaya Download of Document Wilaya Repos?to □ 31 July 2012 06 August 2012 Procurement 13:30 23:59 Repo 03 August 2012 03 August 2012 Explanation of Provision / Reposito Repository ersitas_{10:00}a **Aanwijzing** Reposito Upload of Bid Document 04 August 2012 06 August 2012 Reposito Universitas Brawijaya Repository Unit ersita 23:59awija Reposto Opening Bid Documents WI a Va R 07 August 2012 = 16 August 2012 | Renc00:00ry Un ersita:23:59awiiav Universitas Brawijava Reposito Evaluation of Bids Brawijaya Repositor — 07 August 2012 23 August 2012 23:59 07:00 Repo 07 August 2012 Evaluation of Qualification 23 August 2012 Reposito Documents Itas Brawijaya Repo_{07:00}ry u rsitas_{23:56}awijaya Repossio Proving Qualifications WIDAYA 07 August 2012 23 August 2012 Universitas Brawijaya ersita:23:59awiiava Reposito Repo**r:00**ry Uni Upload Procurement Results 24 August 2012 24 August 2012 Reposto Reno00:00ry | Ini cit 23:59 Repo Reposito 27 August 2012 27 August 2012 Determination of winners 00:00 Reposito 28 August 2012 28 August 2012 Announcement of winners Repo $_{00:00}$ ry Universita $_{23:59}$ awijay Jniversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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Repository Universitas Brawijaya The end result of this "Preparation of Master Plan for Handling Housing and Slum Areas" e-procurement is CV. Tri Hita Karana as the winner, because CV. Tri Hita Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Karana has the highest score in terms sum of Qualifying Score and Technical Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Moreover, Budi Firmansyah explaining that the use of e-procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement easier, not only felt by the Reposystem carrying out the auction / committee procurement but also by the providers. Because the time schedule for procurement has been set in the Presidential Regulation Number 54 Year 2010 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repeabout the Procurement of Goods / Services, the length of e-procurement time a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya schedule is relatively as same as the conventional procurement. But eprocurement has longer time in the working hours, it conducted mostly 24 hours. Reporthat distinguish e-procurement with conventional procurement is the use of a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya internet technology in the procurement process. The following is a difference between the conventional procurement and e-procurement in the several phase of Universitas Brawijaya Repotime schedule, according to Budi Firmansyah. Ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Table 6.6 The Comparison between Conventional and E-Procurement Brawilava No. **Phase** Manual **E-Procurement** In the office and In LPSE web site. Announcement of Providers can access it newspaper. Repository procurement Reposito Providers must go to the through the website, v Universitas Br agency office or buy y Universitas Repository Jniversitas Brawijaya newspaper Iniversitas Brawiia Providers must go to the Providers can download Take on ersitas Reposito Qualification (as agency office at work time through the website will ava Reposito Jniversitas Brawijaya documents SITAS Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

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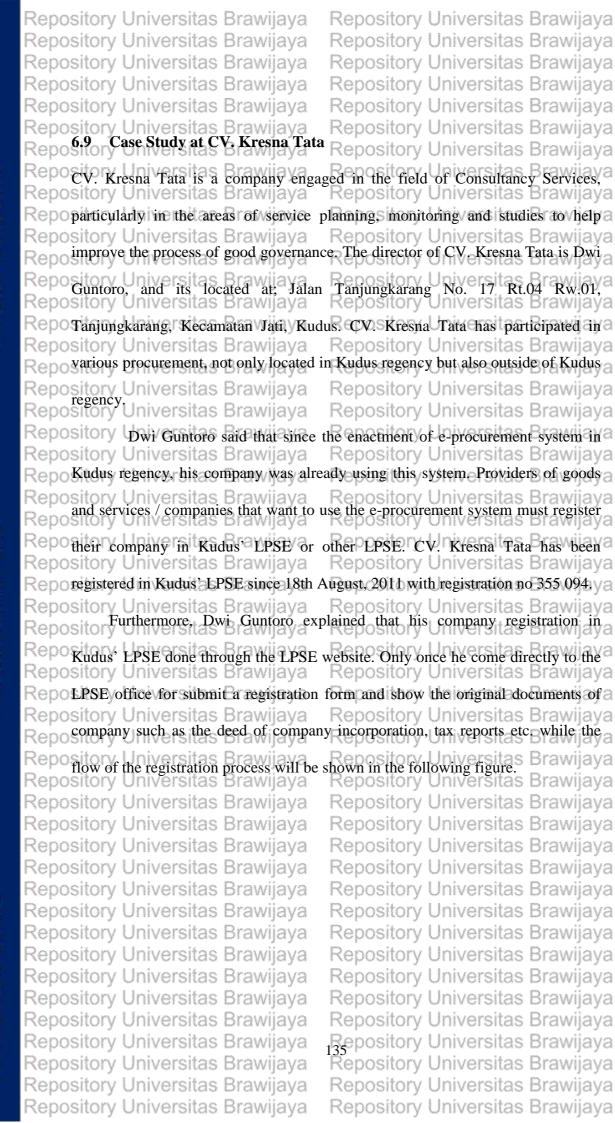
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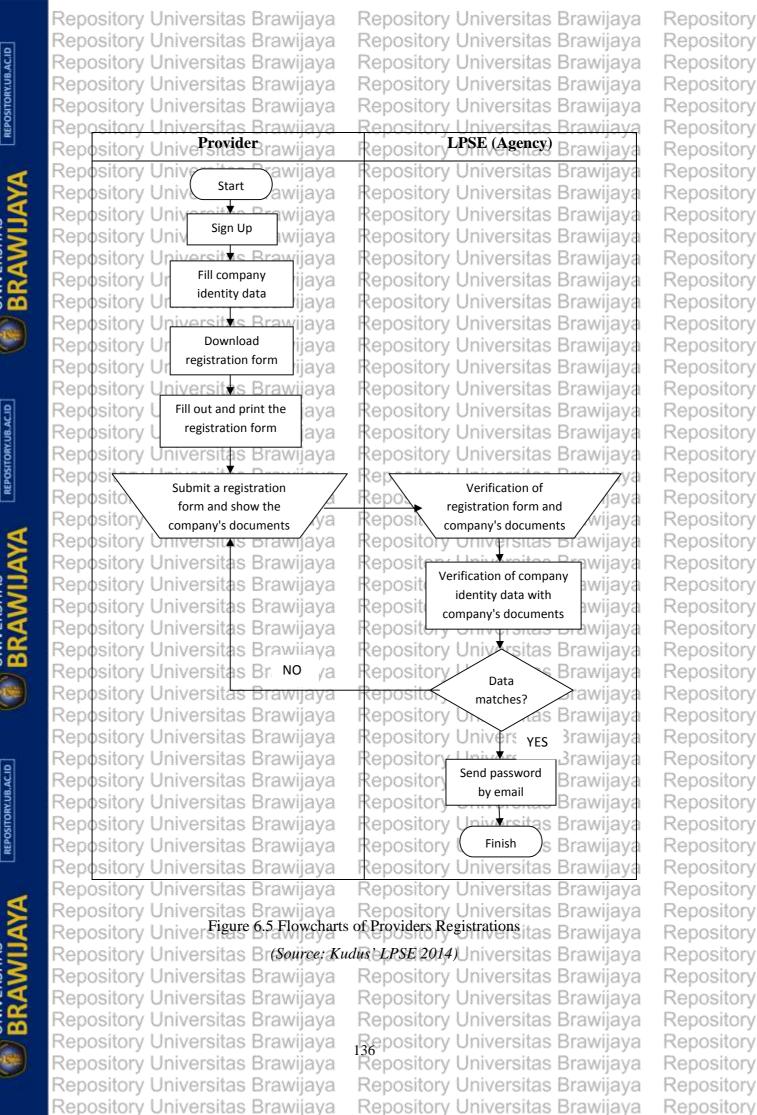
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Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava Dwi Guntoro argue that the use of e-procurement system makes it easy to providers participating in the procurement of goods and services. Many benefits a story Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo are obtained by providers from the use of this system, among others: S Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor UnProviders easier searching a procurement announcement via LPSE Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor • Un Procurement registration conducted through the LPSE website awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Un Providers can save administration cost and work time itas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Untransparency and fair competition in the procurement itas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Dwi Guntoro informed that in 2013, CV. Kresna Tata got 16 packages contract. The following table is the packets that conducted by CV. Kresna Tata Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoduring 2013 versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Table 6.7 The Packages Conducted by Kresna Tata Value of Contract No. SKPD/Agency Rep Perencanaan Teknis Pembangunan Reposito 47.750.000,-Gedung Kantor Pengadilan Agama awijaya (Patiository itas Brawijaya Perencanaan Teknis Kegiatan Reposito POLRES KUDUS rsit44.715.000,-lava Pembangunan Kantor Polsek Mejobo Universitas B T.305 dan Fasum TA 2013 Jasa Konsultansi Perencanaan Studi sitas Brawijava Reposito DISTANNAKHUT Kelayakan Pembangunan Rumah nkunusias Potong Hewan (RPH) **DISHUBKOMINFO** Studi Penataan Tempat-tempat Reposito **DEMAK** Pemberhentian Angkutan Umum DISHUBKOMINFO Survey Potensi Parkir di Tepi Jalan DEMAK Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



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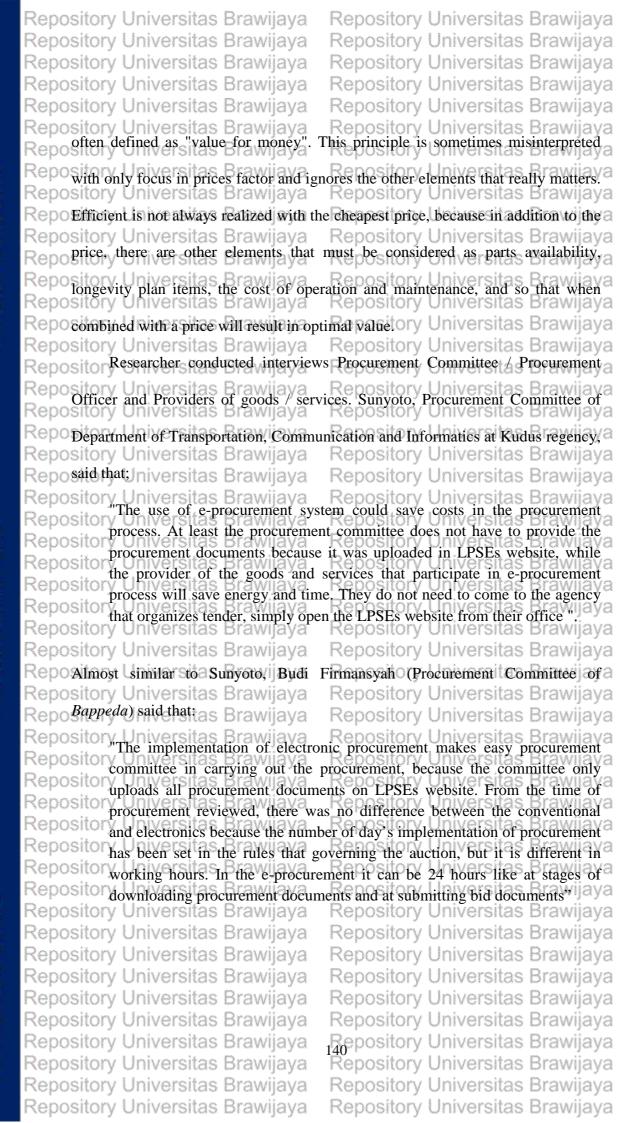
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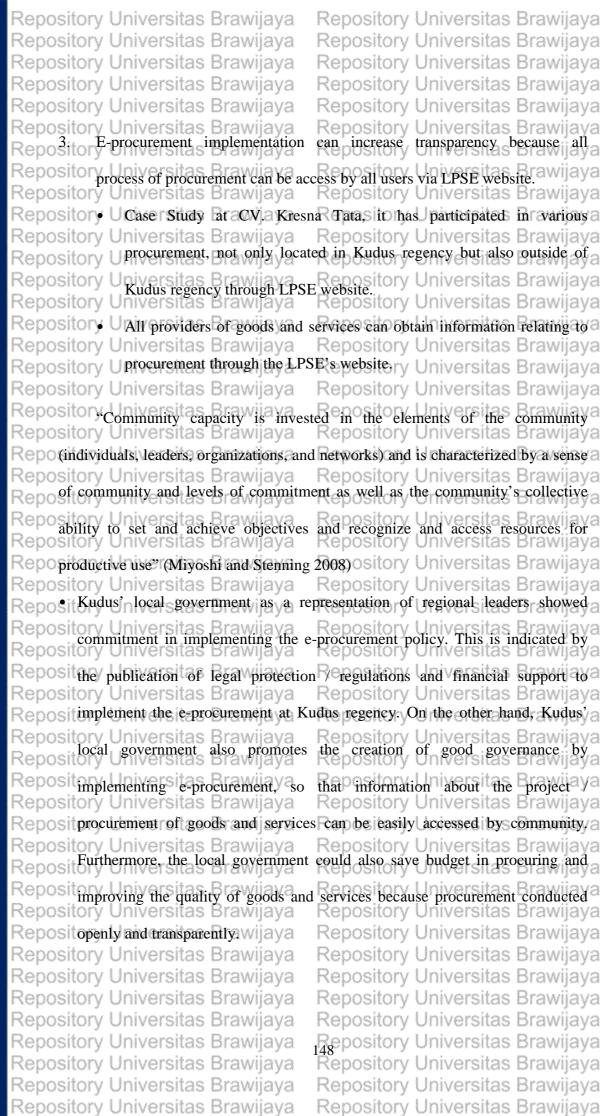
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya From the perspective of providers, Ismed Azhar (Director of CV. Bumi Besito) Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Through e-procurement system, the providers of goods and services will a Repositor offer a low price but the quality of the goods in accordance with the Repositor qualification and they will compete fairly. Because of that the procurement Repositor committee will gain cheap and quality goods."ry Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo M. Shidiq Habibi (Director of CV, Ginaris Banyu Bening) said that: Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito "The providers of goods and services will provide the best bids (low price with proper qualification goods/services) because the procurement is open Repositor widely versitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya electronic procurement, the procurement Repository University Brawijaya Repository University Brawijaya Committee is possible to obtain good qualified winning bidder with the best value Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya bidding, because the providers could be from anywhere. For providers of goods Repository Universitas Brawijaya and services, e-procurement is easier Repository Universitas Brawijaya for them to participate in government Repoprocurement. They only one-time register and all subsequent activities carried out Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthrough the internet. The effectiveness of e-Procurement be achieved because of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya using of internet technology in procurement make the procurement committee and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoproviders of goods and services can easily implement auction / procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocess.Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor It can be concluded that the implementation of e-Procurement can reach the purpose of goods and services procurement in term of effectiveness, and the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repowinning bidder of e-Procurement better than conventional procurement. Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya 6.10.3 Increasing Transparency Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Decree number 80 year 2003 article 3, a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportransparent means all the provisions and information on procurement of goods and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya services are open to all providers of goods and service who are interested as well as for society at large. In addition, transparency is also closely related to the availability of sufficient time for providers of goods and services candidates. So Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repothey can prepare a response to the procurement process. Universitas Brawijaya transparency of information obtained by Repository In the conventional procurement, Repository Repositing directly to the office / agency conducting the procurement. Phase Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositional conducted Fin a conventional procurement felt quite give an Repository Universitas Brawijaya services can come to ask. It is give repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya explanation for providers of goods Repository Universitas Brawijaya disadvantages and benefits. The advantage is the answer / explanation given by Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reporthe procurement committee can be clearly accepted by the prospective candidate Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprocurement committee allows conspiracy in procurement. Iversitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposito Meanwhile, the electronic procurement does not occur face-to-face between Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the provider of goods / services with the procurement committee considering the information and communications made by the procurement committee based on Universitas Brawijaya Repository Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repulse LPSE website. Questions raised by the candidate of provider goods / services Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya delivered to LPSE website and will be answered by the same method. Debriefing Repository Universitas Brawijaya process and results of such communications may be read by all parties. Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



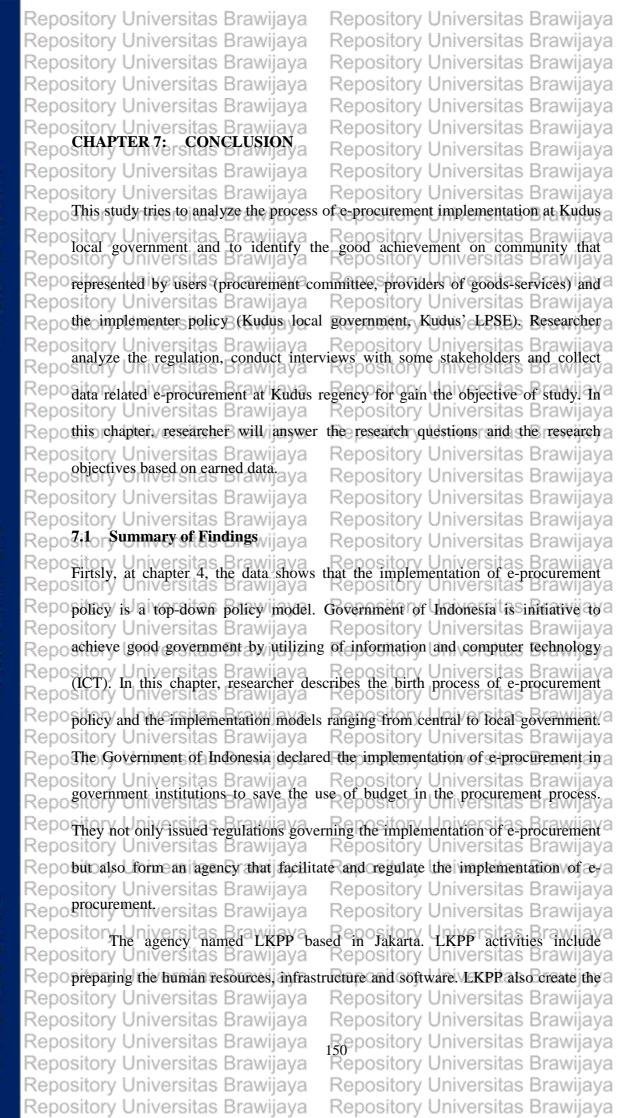
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposite Ensure equality of opportunity, access and equal rights for the offender procurement of goods and services. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Create a situation conducive to a healthy rivalry between the provider of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositorgoods/services, Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor This is in accordance with the importance of e-government by OECD (2005, a Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya p.15), Transparency between governments and citizens is fundamental to good governance. ICT can help transparency by enabling citizen engagement in the Repopolicy process, promoting open and accountable government and helping to a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoprevent corruption las Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor It is also appropriate with one of the eight principles of good governance. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya According with UNDP, 1997, implementation of e-Procurement that can increase transparency include in principles good governance, namely "Strive for Repotransparency in their decision-making processes" tory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Transparency is based on freedom of information. Those who care about the Repoprocess and the institution can directly access information that is reasonably Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya available information to understand and monitor them. Application of the rules Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya and regulations are necessary consistency and fairness to ensure that all Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repostakeholders can appreciate to the rules and followed the principle of equality. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repotransparent than conventional procurement, it is because the creation of balanced Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoinformation on all providers of goods and services in any position and can reduce Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijava the face-to-face between the providers of goods and services with the procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositing Summary of Chapter 6 laya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Based on the case study and interview with users, it can be concluded that Repository Universitas Brawijaya in Kudus local government improves Repository Universitas Brawijaya implementation of e-Procurement Repository Universitas Brawijaya efficiency, effectiveness and transparency in procurement compared with Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoconventional procurement awijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository In term efficient is defined as value for money or how many budgets can be Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor • U The implementation of e-procurement in Kudus local government from a Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository 2011 until 2013 can save the budget approximately 30 billion rupiahs, Repository University Brawijaya Repository University Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo2. With the implementation of e-procurement, the procurement committee is a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor possible to obtain good qualified winning bidder with the best value Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository UAt the e-procurement of Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten Project that use Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository post-qualification in Dishubkominfo, procurement committee can Repository Universitas Brawijaya lepository Universitas Brawijava choose the best bidding price from 17 providers of goods and services Repository Uthat register in the Sub-Terminal Getas Pejaten e-procurement. rawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor • UAt/e-procurement/for/"Preparation of Master/Plan for Handling Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository U Housing and Slum Areas" in Bappeda, that using prequalification Repository unethod, procurement committee determine the winner based on the Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Unighest score in terms sum of Qualifying Score and Technical Score. []aya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya



Repository Universitas Brawijaya can increase transparency because all Repository Universitas Brawijaya and recognize and access resources for Repository Universitas Brawijaya -procurement policy. This is indicated by Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya the creation of good governance by Repository Universitas Brawijaya that information about the project / Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Furthermore, the local government could also save budget in procuring and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya • Kudus' LPSE as an organization / unit that manages the procurement of goods and services system electronically has been preparing all procedure related to Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposite-procurement requirement, ranging from Human Resources, infrastructure and a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya training for users (Procurement Committee and providers) with the aim that the outcomes of e-procurement can be achieved. In other words, they have created networking in the community between Kudus' local government, agencies and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposi providers of goods and services. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Procurement Committee at all agencies can carry out procurement more Reposit efficiently, effectively and transparent, thus improving the quality of goods and Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposit services that purchased. This is one form of activities that support the creation Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Providers of goods and services can improve their ability in procurement with Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposit attend training given by Kudus' LPSE. Providers can obtain information about a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposithe procurement of goods and services, not just those in Kudus regency but Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reposi Community can get information related the projects / procurement and can a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya monitor the procurement of goods and services in Kudus regency via LPSE's Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

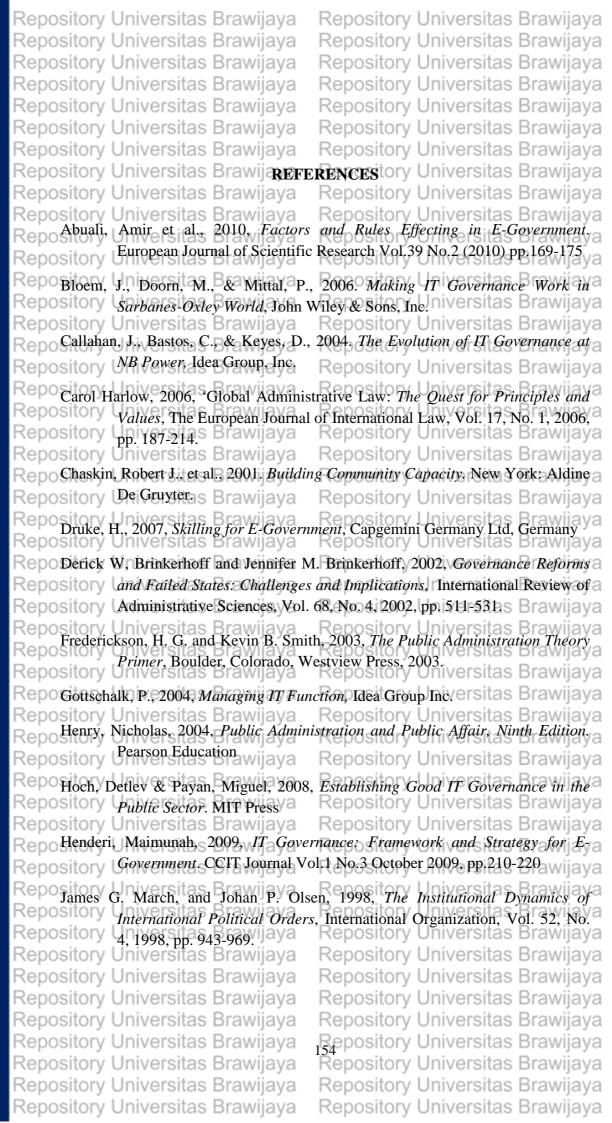


Repository Universitas Brawijaya e-procurement implementation guidelines for local government that will implement the e-procurement system. In the end of chapter 4, researcher was Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo describing the beginning of the e-procurement implementation at Kudus local a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya government with the establishment of Kudus' LPSE. In term of community capacity, Chaskin et al. (2001, p.12) characterize what is conducted by central government with LKPP as a function on dimension of community capacity. This Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya is because the central government as decision-makers determine planning and ository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya governance to the implementation e-procurement policy.

Ostory Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor Secondly, in chapter 5 researcher analyze the standard operating procedure Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo of Kudus' LPSE establishment and the supporting factors in implementation of e-a Repositor University Brawing Repositor University Brawing Repositor Procurement at Kudus Local Government. The establishment of LPSE must comply with standard operating procedure required by LKPP. Meanwhile LKPP Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportequires several things that must be met in the establishment of LPSE such as; Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya rules or regulations, human resources, infrastructure and technology, and training for user. Based on the study, establishment of Kudus' LPSE have been met with Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repostandard operating procedure required by LKPP. While the supporting factor for a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya e-procurement implementation at Kudus local government are; executive mandate Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repoimplementing e-procurement policy. This indicates that the Kudus' local Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya government earnestly and commitment in carrying out of e-procurement policy. Repository Universitas Brawijaya
The commitment and support from Kudus' local government as a form of local
Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repogovernment responsibilities to the comunity underneath. Universitias Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repositor The last, at chapter 6 describe about practices and activities of eprocurement implementation at Kudus local government. The first case study at Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report Dishubkominfo Kudus shows that the implementation of e-procurement can a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya improve the efficiency in terms of budget. The second case study at Bappeda Kudus shows that the use of e-procurement system increases the effectiveness in Universitas Brawijaya Repository kepository the procurement process. While in the third case study at CV. Kresna Tata Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya describes that the use of e-procurement system makes the procurement process be transparent. On the other hand, the implementation of e-procurement opens equal Repropportunities for all providers of goods - services and creates fair competition. In Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo addition to the case study data, researcher also conducted interviews with some of Repository Universitas Brawiiava Repository Universitas Brawijaya users (the procurement committee and providers of goods-services). The results obtained from the case study and interviews demonstrate the achievement of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report procurement implementation at Kudus local government. Implementation of e-a Repository Universitas Brawijava Repository Universitas Brawijaya procurement improves the ability of community, it is indicated from the cost Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repo procurement committee. On the other hand, e-procurement facilitates providers of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya goods-services in obtaining information and participating in procurement process. E-procurement also provides an opportunity for the community to supervise the Universitas Brawijaya procurement process because all the information related with procurement can be Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya accessed through the website LPSE. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya

Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Recommendation for Further Studypository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Report This study has found some benefit from the implementation of e-procurement at Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Kudus' local government. Besides three achievements that already mentioned Repolation and the are many benefits obtained from the implementation of e-Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reportation of e-procurement can a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya reduce the amount of corruption, because of avoid face to face. Due to limited time, study has not found a case study that can describe to that phenomenon. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Therefore, for further study, it can be focused on research and case study which Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya refers to the reduction of corruption. Repository Universitas Brawijaya While on the other hand, the presidential decree No. 70 year 2012 still Repositions procurement committee to conduct procurement by means of non e-a Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Peop procurement for goods-services that budget is less than IDR 200 million rupiahs. Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Researcher believes that e-procurement is very beneficial carried out in all types Repository Universitas Brawijaya of procurement based on the data in this study and suggested that all types of Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Performent can conducted by e-procurement. Therefore, further study is needed Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya on this subject especially in the case study that describes the implementation eprocurement of goods-services on procurement budget that less than IDR 200 Repository Universitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya Reponittion lupiahs rsitas Brawijaya Repository Universitas Brawijaya





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