



# LAMPIRAN

## Lampiran 1

*Listing program*

```
// include the library code:
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>

// initialize the library with the numbers of the interface
pins
LiquidCrystal lcd(9, 8, 5, 4, 3, 2);

float potensio, V, t;
float x, tg;
int kcptn, P, n;
void setup() {
    // set up the LCD's number of columns and rows:
    lcd.begin(16, 2);
    // Print a message to the LCD.
    lcd.print("torsio=");
    pinMode(A0, INPUT);
    pinMode(A1, INPUT);
    lcd.setCursor(8, 1);
    lcd.print("P=");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print("n=");
}

void loop() {
    // set the cursor to column 0, line 1
```

```
// (note: line 1 is the second row, since counting begins with 0):
```

```
potensio=analogRead(A0);
```

```
tg=analogRead(A1);
```

```
V= (((potensio-46)/775)*18.8)+1.2;
```

```
n=tg/418*2000;
```

```
t= -0.453805+0.247142*(V);
```

```
if(t<0){t=0;}
```

```
P=t*2*3.14*(n/60);
```

```
lcd.setCursor(10 , 1);
```

```
lcd.print(P);
```

```
lcd.setCursor(7 , 0);
```

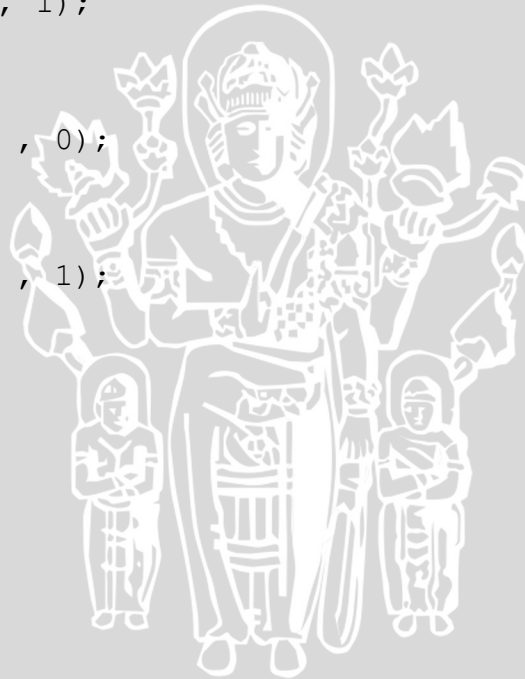
```
lcd.print(t);
```

```
lcd.setCursor(2 , 1);
```

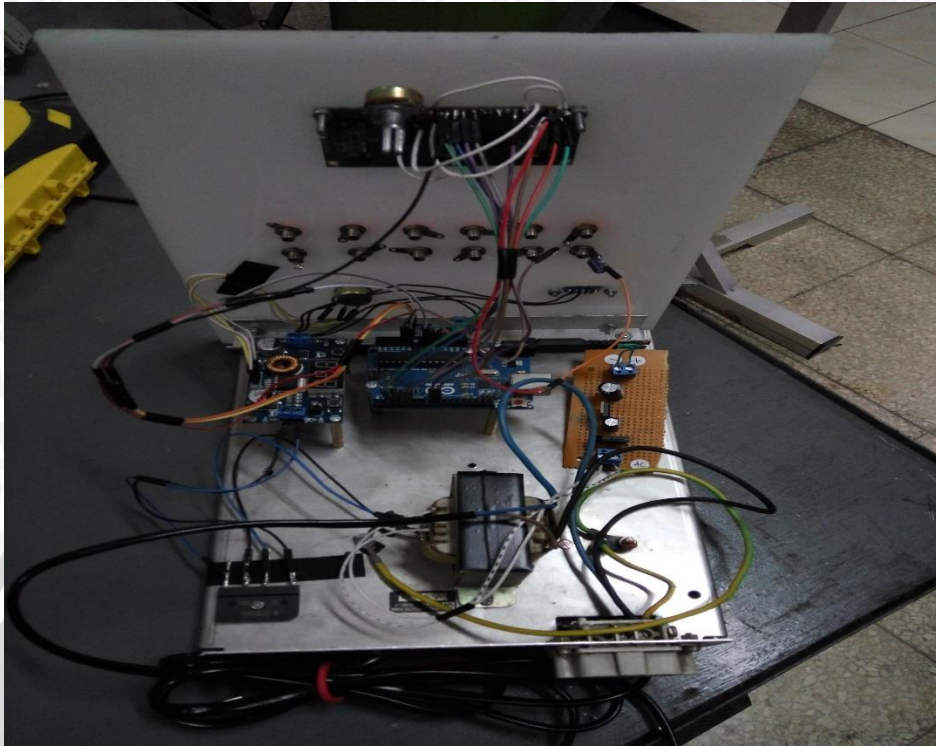
```
lcd.print(n);
```

```
delay (1000);
```

```
}
```



## Lampiran 2 Gambar Alat dan Pengujian

Gambar L 2. 1 *Control unit magnetic powder brake*Gambar L 2. 2 *Control unit magnetic powder brake tampak depan*



Gambar L 2. 3 Rangkaian LCD 16x2



Gambar L 2. 4 Proses pengujian sistem keseluruhan dari *control unit magnetic powder brake*



Gambar L. 2. 5 Rangkaian pengujian *control unit magnetic powder brake*



Gambar L. 2. 6 Tampilan hasil pengujian *control unit magnetic powder brake* pada LCD

Lampiran 3 Datasheet  
 Datasheet bridge dioda

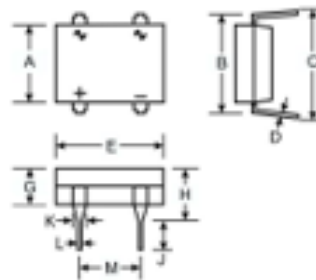


## DB101 - DB107

### 1.0A GLASS PASSIVATED BRIDGE RECTIFIER

#### Features

- UL Recognized Component
- Ideal for Printed Circuit Board
- Glass Passivated Chip Junctions, Surge Overload Rating of 50A Peak
- Simple, Compact Structure for Trouble-free Performance
- Plastic Package - UL Flammability Classification 94V-0



DB-1		
Dim	Min	Max
A	6.10	6.60
B	7.11	8.13
C	8.13	9.40
D	0.20	0.38
E	-	9.40
G	-	3.30
H	-	5.51
J	2.80	3.68
K	1.02	1.40
L	0.51 Typical	
M	5.15 Typical	
All Dimensions in mm		

#### Mechanical Data

- Terminals: Tin Plated Leads Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Case: Transfer Molded Epoxy
- Mounting Position: Any
- Polarity: Polarity Symbols Marked on Body
- Approx. Weight: 1.0 grams

#### Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	DB 101	DB 102	DB 103	DB 104	DB 105	DB 106	DB 107	Unit
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Input Voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Rectified Output Current @ T <sub>A</sub> = 40°C	I <sub>AV</sub>	1.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current Single Half Sine-wave Superimposed on Rated Load (JEDEC Method)	I <sub>FSM</sub>	50							A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage drop per Element at I <sub>F</sub> = 1.0A	V <sub>F</sub>	1.1							V
Maximum Reverse DC Current at Rated DC Blocking Voltage per Element @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C @ T <sub>A</sub> = 100°C	I <sub>R</sub>	10							μA
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 1)	R <sub>θJA</sub>	40							K/W
Storage and Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +150							°C

- Notes:
1. Thermal resistance from junction to ambient mounted on PC board with 13mm x 13mm copper pads.
  2. 60 Hz resistive or inductive load.
  3. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.



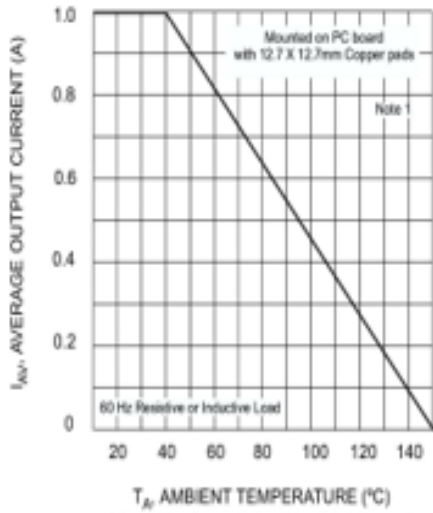


Fig. 1 Maximum Output Rectified Current

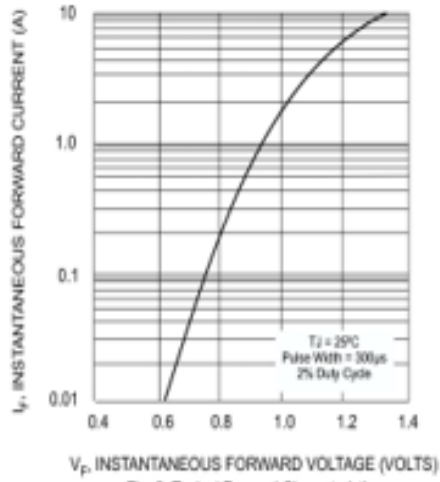


Fig. 2 Typical Forward Characteristics

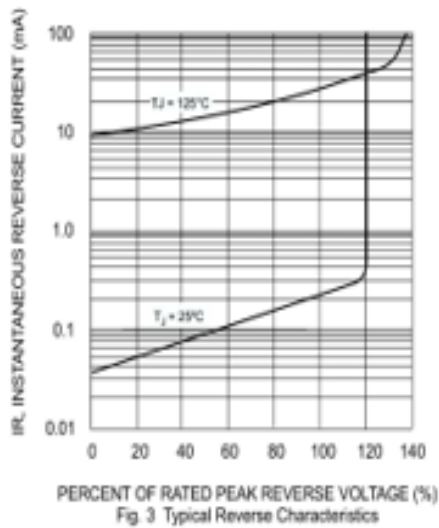


Fig. 3 Typical Reverse Characteristics

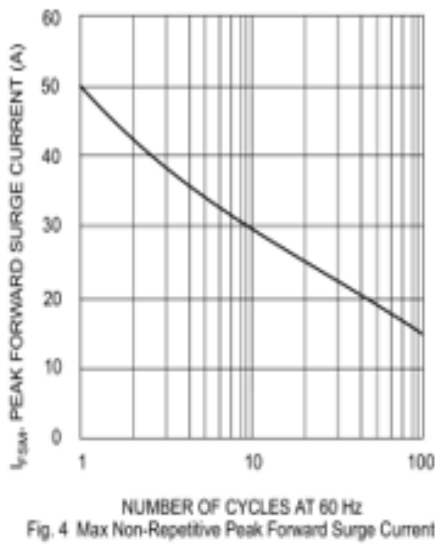


Fig. 4 Max Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current



## Datasheet LM2596 (voltage regulator DC-DC)



LM2596

www.ti.com

SNVS124C – NOVEMBER 1999 – REVISED APRIL 2013

### LM2596 SIMPLE SWITCHER® Power Converter 150 kHz 3A Step-Down Voltage Regulator

Check for Samples: [LM2596](#)

#### FEATURES

- 3.3V, 5V, 12V, and Adjustable Output Versions
- Adjustable Version Output Voltage Range, 1.2V to 37V  $\pm 4\%$  Max Over Line and Load Conditions
- Available in TO-220 and TO-263 Packages
- Ensured 3A Output Load Current
- Input Voltage Range Up to 40V
- Requires Only 4 External Components
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation Specifications
- 150 kHz Fixed Frequency Internal Oscillator
- TTL Shutdown Capability
- Low Power Standby Mode,  $I_Q$  Typically 80  $\mu$ A
- High Efficiency
- Uses Readily Available Standard Inductors
- Thermal Shutdown and Current Limit Protection

#### APPLICATIONS

- Simple High-Efficiency Step-Down (Buck) Regulator
- On-Card Switching Regulators
- Positive to Negative Converter

#### DESCRIPTION

The LM2596 series of regulators are monolithic integrated circuits that provide all the active functions for a step-down (buck) switching regulator, capable of driving a 3A load with excellent line and load regulation. These devices are available in fixed output voltages of 3.3V, 5V, 12V, and an adjustable output version.

Requiring a minimum number of external components, these regulators are simple to use and include internal frequency compensation, and a fixed-frequency oscillator.

The LM2596 series operates at a switching frequency of 150 kHz thus allowing smaller sized filter components than what would be needed with lower frequency switching regulators. Available in a standard 5-lead TO-220 package with several different lead bend options, and a 5-lead TO-263 surface mount package.

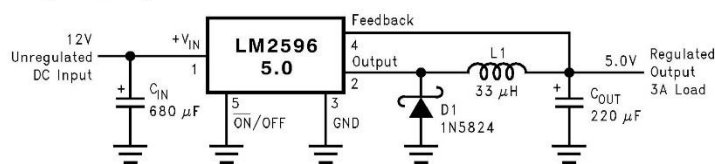
A standard series of inductors are available from several different manufacturers optimized for use with the LM2596 series. This feature greatly simplifies the design of switch-mode power supplies.

Other features include an ensured  $\pm 4\%$  tolerance on output voltage under specified input voltage and output load conditions, and  $\pm 15\%$  on the oscillator frequency. External shutdown is included, featuring typically 80  $\mu$ A standby current. Self protection features include a two stage frequency reducing current limit for the output switch and an over temperature shutdown for complete protection under fault conditions. <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) † Patent Number 5,382,918.

#### Typical Application

(Fixed Output Voltage Versions)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

SIMPLE SWITCHER is a registered trademark of Texas Instruments.  
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date.  
Products conform to specifications per the terms of the Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

Copyright © 1999–2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated



## LM2596



SNVS124C – NOVEMBER 1999 – REVISED APRIL 2013

www.ti.com

## Connection Diagrams

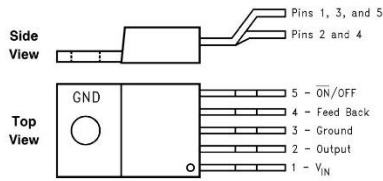


Figure 1. 5-Lead Bent and Staggered Leads, Through Hole TO-220 (T) Package  
See Package Number NDH0005D

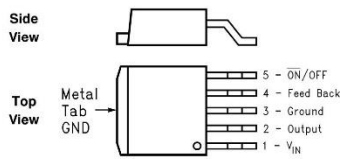


Figure 2. 5-Lead DDPak/TO-263 (S) Package  
See Package Number KTT0005B



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings <sup>(1)(2)</sup>

Maximum Supply Voltage	45V
ON /OFF Pin Input Voltage	$-0.3 \leq V \leq +25V$
Feedback Pin Voltage	$-0.3 \leq V \leq +25V$
Output Voltage to Ground (Steady State)	-1V
Power Dissipation	Internally limited
Storage Temperature Range	$-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$
ESD Susceptibility	
Human Body Model <sup>(3)</sup>	2 kV
Lead Temperature	
DDPAK/TO-263 Package	
Vapor Phase (60 sec.)	$+215^{\circ}\text{C}$
Infrared (10 sec.)	$+245^{\circ}\text{C}$
TO-220 Package (Soldering, 10 sec.)	$+260^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Junction Temperature	$+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

(2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(3) The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5k resistor into each pin.

## Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Supply Voltage	4.5V to 40V



LM2596

www.ti.com

SNVS124C – NOVEMBER 1999 – REVISED APRIL 2013

### LM2596-3.3 Electrical Characteristics

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating**

#### Temperature Range

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2596-3.3		Units (Limits)
			Typ (1)	Limit (2)	
<b>SYSTEM PARAMETERS</b> (3) Test Circuit Figure 20					
$V_{\text{OUT}}$	Output Voltage	$4.75\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ , $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	3.3	3.168/ <b>3.135</b> 3.432/ <b>3.465</b>	V V(min) V(max)
$\eta$	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{V}$ , $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$	73		%

- (1) Typical numbers are at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent the most likely norm.
- (2) All limits specified at room temperature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold type face). All room temperature limits are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are ensured via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. All limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).
- (3) External components such as the catch diode, inductor, input and output capacitors, and voltage programming resistors can affect switching regulator system performance. When the LM2596 is used as shown in the Figure 20 test circuit, system performance will be as shown in system parameters of Electrical Characteristics section.

### LM2596-5.0 Electrical Characteristics

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating**

#### Temperature Range

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2596-5.0		Units (Limits)
			Typ (1)	Limit (2)	
<b>SYSTEM PARAMETERS</b> (3) Test Circuit Figure 20					
$V_{\text{OUT}}$	Output Voltage	$7\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ , $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	5.0	4.800/ <b>4.750</b> 5.200/ <b>5.250</b>	V V(min) V(max)
$\eta$	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{V}$ , $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$	80		%

- (1) Typical numbers are at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent the most likely norm.
- (2) All limits specified at room temperature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold type face). All room temperature limits are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are ensured via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. All limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).
- (3) External components such as the catch diode, inductor, input and output capacitors, and voltage programming resistors can affect switching regulator system performance. When the LM2596 is used as shown in the Figure 20 test circuit, system performance will be as shown in system parameters of Electrical Characteristics section.

### LM2596-12 Electrical Characteristics

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating**

#### Temperature Range

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2596-12		Units (Limits)
			Typ (1)	Limit (2)	
<b>SYSTEM PARAMETERS</b> (3) Test Circuit Figure 20					
$V_{\text{OUT}}$	Output Voltage	$15\text{V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 40\text{V}$ , $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{\text{LOAD}} \leq 3\text{A}$	12.0	11.52/ <b>11.40</b> 12.48/ <b>12.60</b>	V V(min) V(max)
$\eta$	Efficiency	$V_{\text{IN}} = 25\text{V}$ , $I_{\text{LOAD}} = 3\text{A}$	90		%

- (1) Typical numbers are at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent the most likely norm.
- (2) All limits specified at room temperature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold type face). All room temperature limits are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are ensured via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. All limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).
- (3) External components such as the catch diode, inductor, input and output capacitors, and voltage programming resistors can affect switching regulator system performance. When the LM2596 is used as shown in the Figure 20 test circuit, system performance will be as shown in system parameters of Electrical Characteristics section.



## LM2596



SNVS124C – NOVEMBER 1999 – REVISED APRIL 2013

www.ti.com

## LM2596-ADJ Electrical Characteristics

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2596-ADJ		Units (Limits)
			Typ (1)	Limit (2)	
<b>SYSTEM PARAMETERS</b> (3) Test Circuit Figure 20					
$V_{FB}$	Feedback Voltage	$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 40\text{V}$ , $0.2\text{A} \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 3\text{A}$ $V_{OUT}$ programmed for 3V. Circuit of Figure 20	1.230	1.193/ <b>1.180</b> 1.267/ <b>1.280</b>	V V(min) V(max)
$\eta$	Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 3\text{V}$ , $I_{LOAD} = 3\text{A}$	73		%

- (1) Typical numbers are at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent the most likely norm.
- (2) All limits specified at room temperature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold type face). All room temperature limits are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are ensured via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. All limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).
- (3) External components such as the catch diode, inductor, input and output capacitors, and voltage programming resistors can affect switching regulator system performance. When the LM2596 is used as shown in the Figure 20 test circuit, system performance will be as shown in system parameters of Electrical Characteristics section.

## All Output Voltage Versions Electrical Characteristics

Specifications with standard type face are for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and those with **boldface type** apply over **full Operating Temperature Range**. Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = 12\text{V}$  for the 3.3V, 5V, and Adjustable version and  $V_{IN} = 24\text{V}$  for the 12V version.  $I_{LOAD} = 500\text{mA}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LM2596-XX		Units (Limits)
			Typ (1)	Limit (2)	
<b>DEVICE PARAMETERS</b>					
$I_b$	Feedback Bias Current	Adjustable Version Only. $V_{FB} = 1.3\text{V}$	10	50/ <b>100</b>	nA nA (max)
$f_o$	Oscillator Frequency	See (3)	150	127/ <b>110</b> 173/ <b>173</b>	kHz kHz(min) kHz(max)
$V_{SAT}$	Saturation Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$ (4) (5)	1.16	1.4/ <b>1.5</b>	V V(max)
DC	Max Duty Cycle (ON)	See (5)	100		%
	Min Duty Cycle (OFF)	See (6)	0		
$I_{CL}$	Current Limit	Peak Current (4)(5)	4.5	3.6/ <b>3.4</b> 6.9/ <b>7.5</b>	A A(min) A(max)
$I_L$	Output Leakage Current	Output = 0V (4)(6)		50	$\mu\text{A}$ (max)
		Output = -1V (7)	2	30	mA(max)
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	See (6)	5	10	mA mA(max)

- (1) Typical numbers are at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  and represent the most likely norm.
- (2) All limits specified at room temperature (standard type face) and at temperature extremes (bold type face). All room temperature limits are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are ensured via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. All limits are used to calculate Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).
- (3) The switching frequency is reduced when the second stage current limit is activated.
- (4) No diode, inductor or capacitor connected to output pin.
- (5) Feedback pin removed from output and connected to 0V to force the output transistor switch ON.
- (6) Feedback pin removed from output and connected to 12V for the 3.3V, 5V, and the ADJ. version, and 15V for the 12V version, to force the output transistor switch OFF.
- (7)  $V_{IN} = 40\text{V}$ .

4 Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 1999–2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Product Folder Links: LM2596



# TIGER ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD

Product specification

## 3-Terminal 1A Positive Voltage Regulator

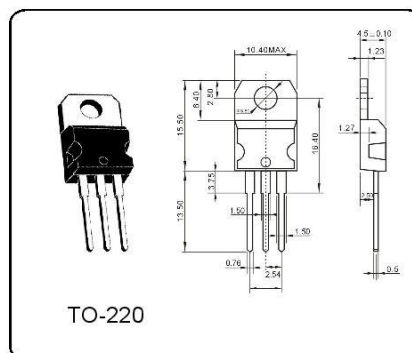
LM7812

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The LM7812 series of three terminal positive regulators are available in the TO-220 package and with several fixed output voltages, making them useful in a wide range of applications. Each type employs internal current limiting, thermal shut down and safe operating area protection, making it essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1A output current. Although designed primarily as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable voltages and currents.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( Ta = 25 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Input Voltage	$V_I$	35	V
Output Voltage	$V_O$	12.0	V
Peak Current	$I_{PK}$	2.2	A
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{OPR}$	0~125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65~150	°C



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( Ta = 25 °C)

(Refer to test circuit,  $I_o = 500mA$ ,  $V_i = 19V$ ,  $C_i = 0.33\mu F$ ,  $C_o = 0.1\mu F$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_O$	$V_i = 14.5V$ to $30V$	11.64	12.0	12.36	V
Line Regulation (Note1)	Regline	$V_i = 14.5V$ to $30V$		10	240	mV
		$V_i = 16V$ to $22V$		3.0	120	
Load Regulation (Note1)	Regload	$I_o = 5.0mA$ to $1.5A$		11	240	mV
		$I_o = 250mA$ to $750mA$		5	120	
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	$T_J = +25\text{ }^\circ C$		5.1	8	mA
Ripple Rejection	RR	$f = 120Hz$ , $V_O = 15V$ to $30V$	56	73		dB
Dropout Voltage	$V_{Drop}$	$I_o = 1A$ , $T_J = +25\text{ }^\circ C$		2		V
Output Resistance	$r_o$	$f = 1KHz$		0.018		$\Omega$
Short Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	$V_i = 35V$ , $T_A = +25\text{ }^\circ C$		230		mA
Peak Current	$I_{PK}$	$T_J = +25\text{ }^\circ C$		2.2		A