Lampiran 6. Hasil Uji Analisis Data Penelitian

Uji *Chi-square*

Frekuensi ANC * Kepatuhan Konsumsi Fe

Crosstab

			Konsumsi		
			Patuh	Tidak Patuh	Total
Frekuensi	Kurang Teratur	Count	2	0	2
		% within Frekuensi	100.0%	.0%	100.0%
	Teratur	Count	29	15	44
		% within Frekuensi	65.9%	34.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	31	15	46
		% within Frekuensi	67.4%	32.6%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (1-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.012[b]	1	.314		
Continuity Correction [a]	.055	1	.814		
Likelihood Ratio	1.622	1	.203		
Fisher's Exact Test				1.000	.449
N of Valid Cases	46				

a. Computed only for a 2x2 table

b. 2 cells (50.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is .65.

Symmetric Measures

		Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Contingency Coefficient	.147	.314
N of Valid Cases		46	

a. Not assuming the null hypothesis.

b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

Pengetahuan Anemia * Kepatuhan Konsumsi Fe

Crosstab

			Konsumsi		
			Patuh	Tidak Patuh	Total
Pengetahuan	Baik	Count	2	0	2
		% within Pengetahuan	100.0%	.0%	100.0%
	Cukup	Count	25	4	29
		% within Pengetahuan	86.2%	13.8%	100.0%
	Kurang	Count	4	11	15
		% within Pengetahuan	26.7%	73.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	31	15	46
		% within Pengetahuan	67.4%	32.6%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	16.960[a]	2	.000
Likelihood Ratio	17.420	2	.000
N of Valid Cases	46		

a. 3 cells (50.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is .65.

Symmetric Measures

		Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Contingency Coefficient	.519	.000
N of Valid Cases		46	

a. Not assuming the null hypothesis.

b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

Uji *Contingency Coefficient*

Frekuensi ANC * Pengetahuan Anemia * Kepatuhan Konsumsi Fe

Pengetahuan * Konsumsi * Frekuensi Crosstabulation

Frekuensi				Konsumsi		Total
				Patuh	Tidak Patuh	
Kurang Teratur	Pengetahuan	Cukup	Count	2		2
			% within Pengetahuan	100.0%		100.0%
	Total		Count	2		2
			% within Pengetahuan	100.0%		100.0%
Teratur	Pengetahuan	Baik	Count	2	0	2
			% within Pengetahuan	100.0%	.0%	100.0%
		Cukup	Count	23	4	27
			% within Pengetahuan	85.2%	14.8%	100.0%
		Kurang	Count	4	11	15
			% within Pengetahuan	26.7%	73.3%	100.0%
	Total		Count	29	15	44
			% within Pengetahuan	65.9%	34.1%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

Frekuensi		Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Kurang Teratur	Pearson Chi-Square	.[a]		
	N of Valid Cases	2		
Teratur	Pearson Chi-Square	15.780[b]	2	.000
	Likelihood Ratio	16.414	2	.000
	N of Valid Cases	44		

a. No statistics are computed because Pengetahuan and Konsumsi are constants.

b. 2 cells (33.3%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is .68.

Symmetric Measures

Frekuensi			Value	Approx. Sig.
Kurang Teratur	Nominal by Nominal	Contingency Coefficient	.[c]	
	N of Valid Cases		2	
Teratur	Nominal by Nominal	Contingency Coefficient	.514	.000
	N of Valid Cases		44	

a. Not assuming the null hypothesis.

b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

c. No statistics are computed because Pengetahuan and Konsumsi are constants.