

## ABSTRACT

Grana Zaki Ardhi, Reg.Number 0810110028, International Law, Law Faculty of Brawijaya University, 3 April 2014, *URGENSI PERLINDUNGAN SPESIES LANGKA BERDASARKAN CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA* DITINJAU DARI PERSPEKTIF UNDANG-UNDANG NOMOR 32 TAHUN 2009, Sucipto, S.H., M.H, Ikaningtyas, S.H., LL.M.

The Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation nowadays is one of the worldwide trending issues. One of the environmental issues that received significant attention from the international community is the protection of endangered species.

The problem in this research contents is explaining the ground plan of the rule of Trade in Endangered Species under CITES, hence explaining the reason and the role of CITES in preventing the extinction of endangered species globally, in particular of its relation with our national legal arrangements and rule maker Law number 32 of 2009 regarding Protection and Environmental Management, which is based on the convention system's grouping of species that can be traded or not in the Appendix.

Based on the results, indicated that CITES is the main role on Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation by making the rule of trade in endangered species wildlife Flora and Fauna, due to the exclusive grouping of rare or wildlife species contained in Appendix I, II, and III, there are no longer animals extinction happen again. Recently, the list of endangered or rare animals and plants in the Appendix is constantly updated. Moreover, there are still some obstacles faced by CITES in its efforts to protect endangered species such as complicated rules, lack of sanction mechanisms, and then non-optimized national on some participant countries. To be optimized, all of bodies inside CITES need cooperate-immensely and strengthen their cooperation between the participants' government, people in the world, and all non-governmental organizations engaging in Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation.

Keys : CITES, Conservation, Appendix