

ABSTRAK

Filhibri, Road Falah.2015. **Hubungan Sikap Perawat dan Supervisi Kepala Ruangan dengan Perilaku *Caring* Perawat di RSUD Tongas.** Tugas Akhir, Program Studi Ilmu Keperawatan Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Brawijaya. Pembimbing: (1) Kuswantoro Rusca Putra, S.Kep. M.Kep., (2): Ns. Indraningrum F., S.Kep. MMRS.

Perilaku *caring* perawat sangat diperlukan dalam pelayanan keperawatan. Pelayanan keperawatan yang berkualitas dapat diwujudkan melalui pemberian asuhan keperawatan yang didasari oleh perilaku *caring* perawat. *Caring* dipandang sebagai ideal moral keperawatan yang meliputi pengetahuan, tindakan dan dideskripsikan sebagai 10 faktor karatif yang digunakan dalam praktek keperawatan di beberapa seting klinik yang berbeda. Perilaku *Caring* didasari oleh sikap perawat dan adanya supervisi kepala ruangan. Beberapa faktor yang mempengaruhi perilaku *caring* diantaranya adalah sikap perawat dari faktor internal dan supervisi kepala ruangan dari faktor eksternal.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan sikap perawat dan supervisi kepala ruangan dengan perilaku *caring* perawat. Desain penelitian deskripsi korelasi dengan rancangan *cross sectional*. Uji statistik bivariat menggunakan korelasi spearman sedangkan uji statistik multivariat menggunakan regresi logistik. Tempat penelitian adalah RSUD Tongas, waktu penelitian pada bulan Januari minggu ke-1 selama 4 hari. Sampel penelitian adalah seluruh perawat pelaksana di RSUD Tongas, yaitu 32 orang. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa sikap perawat ($p = 0,002$), supervisi kepala ruangan ($p = 0,000$) berhubungan secara signifikan dengan perilaku *caring* perawat. Sedangkan variabel yang paling dominan mempengaruhi perilaku *caring* adalah supervisi kepala ruangan dengan p value = 0,040. Variabel yang paling berpengaruh terhadap perilaku *caring* adalah supervisi kepala ruangan dengan nilai OR 3,62

Kata kunci: sikap perawat, supervisi kepala ruangan, perilaku *caring* perawat

ABSTRACT

Filhibri, Road Falah.2015. **Nurse Attitudes Relations and Supervision Head Room with Nurse Caring Behaviors in Hospital Tongas.**Tugas End, Nursing Science Faculty of Medicine, University of Brawijaya. Advisor: (1) Kuswanto Rusca Putra, S.Kep. M.Kep., (2): Ns. Indraningrum F., S.Kep. MMRS.

Nurses caring behavior is needed in nursing services. Quality nursing care can be realized through the provision of nursing care based on the nurse caring behaviors. Caring nursing is seen as a moral ideal which includes knowledge, action and is described as 10 karatif factor used in the practice of nursing in several different clinical settings. Caring behavior based on the attitude of nurses and their supervision of head room. Some of the factors that influence the behavior of which is the attitude of nurses caring of internal factors and supervision of the head space of the external factors.

This study aimed to determine the relationship of attitudes of nurses and supervision head room with the nurse caring behaviors. Description of the research design correlation with cross sectional design. Bivariate statistical test using Spearman correlation test while using a logistic regression multivariate statistics. Hospitals where the research is Tongas, a study in January week 1 for 4 days. The samples were whole nurses in hospitals Tongas, ie 32 people. The results showed that the attitude of nurses ($p = 0.003$), supervision of head room ($p = 0.000$) were significantly associated with the nurse caring behaviors. While most dominant variable affecting caring behavior is supervised head room with p value = 0,040. The variables that most influence on caring behavior is supervised head room with OR 3.62

Keywords: nurse attitudes, supervision head room, the nurse caring behaviors