Universitas Brawijaya Universitas BABSTRACT niversitas Brawijava UniversEmanto, Yuanita. 2013., Language Learning Strategies used by different English as Brawijaya Universitas BrProficiency Students of State Senior High School 3 Malang. Studytas Brawijava Program of English, Universitas Brawijaya, Supervisor: Syariful Muttaqin; Co-supervisor: Yana Shanti Manipuspika. Brawijaya UniversKeywords: Language Learning Strategies, English Proficiency rawijava **Universitas Brawijaya** Universitas Benglish is one of international languages in the world and mainly used in the Brawijaya Universinternational forums. Because of its importance, Indonesian government decides to as Brawijaya Universmake English as a formal subject in schools. Students are expected to have basic tas Brawijava competences in four skills those are listening, speaking, reading, and writing comprehensively to reach functional literate. Students should have strategies to improve their proficiency and skill in English. The aims of this study are to find out (1) how language learning strategies applied by students of 11th grade at State Senior as Brawijaya

UniversHigh School 3 Malang (SMAN 3 Malang), and (2) how English proficiency levels as Brawijaya relate to the use of language learning strategies by students of 11th grade at SMAN 3 tas Brawn Malang. This study applied quantitative research. This study used Strategy Inventory for Language Learning (SILL) version 7 (EFL/ESL) by Oxford (1990) translated into

UniversBahasa Indonesia as the instrument. The English raport score was used to measure as Brawijaya Universtudents's proficiency. This study use descriptive analysis and Pearson Product as Brawiava Moment to investigate the use of language learning strategies and the correlation between language learning strategies and English proficiency. The participants were students of 11th grade at SMAN 3 Malang divided into three different levels of as Brawlaya UniversEnglish proficiency; those are high, intermediate and low.

The results of this study indicate that students are in medium level meaning as Brawnava that they sometimes use those strategies in learning a language. Students with high English proficiency used most metacognitive strategies while intermediate English UniversProficiency students used most compensation strategies and low English proficiency as Brawijaya Universitudents used most affective strategies. The positive correlation was found between as Brawijaya high English proficiency students and metacognitive strategies and negative as Brawieva correlation was found between low English proficiency students and memory as Brawijaya strategies.

Based on these findings, students are suggested to apply more metacognitive Universitrategies and combine other strategies in their learning process. For further tas Brawijaya Universresearchers, it is recommended to examine the language learning strategies in tas Brawijaya speaking, writing, reading, or listening through interviews and observations. Further researchers are also suggested to use other theories of language learning strategy in conducting research. Universitas Brawijaya Universitas Brawijaya

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